# **Tong Ming Enterprise Co., Ltd. and Subsidiaries**

Consolidated Financial Statements for the Years Ended December 31, 2022 and 2021 and Independent Auditors' Report

#### INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

The Board of Directors and Shareholders Tong Ming Enterprise Co., Ltd.

#### **Opinion**

We have audited the accompanying consolidated financial statements of Tong Ming Enterprise Co., Ltd. and its subsidiaries (collectively referred to as the "Group"), which comprise the consolidated balance sheets as of December 31, 2022 and 2021, and the consolidated statements of comprehensive income, changes in equity and cash flows for the years then ended, and the notes to the consolidated financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies (collectively referred to as the "consolidated financial statements").

In our opinion, the accompanying consolidated financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the consolidated financial position of the Group as of December 31, 2022 and 2021, and its consolidated financial performance and its consolidated cash flows for the years then ended in accordance with the Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers, and International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS), International Accounting Standards (IAS), IFRIC Interpretations (IFRIC), and SIC Interpretations (SIC) endorsed and issued into effect by the Financial Supervisory Commission of the Republic of China.

#### **Basis for Opinion**

We conducted our audits in accordance with the Regulations Governing Auditing and Attestation of Financial Statements by Certified Public Accountants and the Standards on Auditing of the Republic of China. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Group in accordance with The Norm of Professional Ethics for Certified Public Accountant of the Republic of China, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

#### **Key Audit Matters**

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the consolidated financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2022. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the consolidated financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

The key audit matters identified in the Group's consolidated financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2022 are stated as follows:

#### The Occurrence of Tong Ming Enterprise (Zhejiang)'s Export Sales

The Group's subsidiary Tong Ming Enterprise (Zhejiang) Co., Ltd. (referred to as the "Tong Ming (Zhejiang)") is the main entity of the Group. The sales revenue of Tong Ming (Zhejiang) accounted for 79% of the Group's sales revenue while its overall export sales revenue accounted for 21%. Because the export shipping schedule is relatively long, there is difficulty in managing the sailing date, voyage and goods obligation. Therefore, we identified the occurrence of export sales' free onboard delivery conditions of Tong Ming Enterprise (Zhejiang) at the destination to be a key audit matter. Refer to Note 4 to the consolidated financial statements for details on revenue recognition.

The main audit procedures that we performed in respect of revenue recognition included the following:

- 1. We obtained an understanding of the internal controls and tested the design and operating effectiveness of the key controls over the occurrence of revenue recognition.
- 2. We selected samples from the list of free onboard destination export sales details, verified the related traded documents such as shipments and cash receipts, and confirmed the occurrence of revenue.

## Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Consolidated Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the consolidated financial statements in accordance with the Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers, and International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS), International Accounting Standards (IAS), IFRIC Interpretations (IFRIC), and SIC Interpretations (SIC) endorsed and issued into effect by the Financial Supervisory Commission of the Republic of China, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the consolidated financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Group's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Group or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance, including the audit committee, are responsible for overseeing the Group's financial reporting process.

#### Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with the Standards on Auditing of the Republic of China will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these consolidated financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with the Standards on Auditing of the Republic of China, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- 1. Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- 2. Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Group's internal control.
- 3. Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- 4. Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Group's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditors' report to the related disclosures in the consolidated financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditors' report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Group to cease to continue as a going concern.
- 5. Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the consolidated financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the consolidated financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- 6. Obtain sufficient and appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of entities or business activities within the Group to express an opinion on the consolidated financial statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision, and performance of the group audit. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the consolidated financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2022 and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditors' report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

The engagement partners on the audits resulting in this independent auditors' report are Ming-Chung Hsieh and I-Chen Lu.

Deloitte & Touche Taipei, Taiwan Republic of China

March 28, 2023

#### Notice to Readers

The accompanying consolidated financial statements are intended only to present the consolidated financial position, financial performance and cash flows in accordance with accounting principles and practices generally accepted in the Republic of China and not those of any other jurisdictions. The standards, procedures and practices to audit such consolidated financial statements are those generally applied in the Republic of China.

For the convenience of readers, the independent auditors' report and the accompanying consolidated financial statements have been translated into English from the original Chinese version prepared and used in the Republic of China. If there is any conflict between the English version and the original Chinese version or any difference in the interpretation of the two versions, the Chinese-language independent auditors' report and consolidated financial statements shall prevail.

CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS

**DECEMBER 31, 2022 AND 2021** 

(In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

CURRENT ASSETS		2022		2021		
Case and cash cquiredinest Notes (1)	ASSETS	-	%		%	
Case and cash cquiredinest Notes (1)	CURRENT ASSETS					
Financial assets at amortical cost - current (Note 9)		\$ 1,651,006	12	\$ 1,695,818	14	
Note receivable, not Offices 10, 21 and 239   257,675   17			2			
Accounts receivable, not (Name 10, 21 and 28)						
Charact arts assets 10x0s 23   5.50x, 617   41   4.02x, 10   5.00x, 617   5.00						
Current is a seeth (Note 23)						
Pepayments to suppliers (Notes 16 and 28)		,	_	-	-	
Perspansers Notes 16 and 287			41		39	
Total current asserts			_		1	
Total current assets			1		-	
NON CURRENT ASSETS	Other current assets	3,239		65		
Financial assess at fair value through other comprehensive income - non-current (Notes N and 27)   9.95,00   1   4.20,00   1   1.20,00	Total current assets	10,622,059	<u>78</u>	9,906,384	83	
Property plant and equipment (Note 13)						
Property, plant and equipment (Note 14)			1		-	
Right of use assets (Note 15)			-		- 12	
Deferent aux seets (Note 25)   34,375   2, 26,474   2, 26,000   2, 20,000						
Perfered max assets (Note 23)   34,372   2, 26,474   3,000   3, 36,700   3,		,			2	
Perpayments for equipment (Note 16)			_		-	
Refulable deposits   Control (Incidential Exercise)   Control (I			3		2	
Total non-current assets   1,659			-		-	
Non-current liabilities   Non-current   Non-current liabilities   Non-current   Non-curr	•					
CURRENT LIABILITIES	Total non-current assets	2,911,532	22	1,980,204	<u>17</u>	
CURRENT LIABILITIES	TOTAL	<u>\$ 13,533,591</u>	<u>100</u>	<u>\$ 11,886,588</u>	<u>100</u>	
CURRENT LIABILITIES						
Short-term borrowings (Notes 17 and 28)	LIABILITIES AND EQUITY					
Financial liabilities a fair value through profit or loss - current (Notes 7 and 27)   130,830   1   163,728   2     Notes payable   1,067   1,1077   1   1,077   1   1   1,077   1   1   1,077   1   1,077   1   1   1,077   1   1   1   1,077   1   1   1   1   1   1   1   1   1	CURRENT LIABILITIES					
Contract liabilities - current (Note 21)   103,083   1 163,728   2 2			26	\$ 2,764,530	23	
Notes payable   1,067   - 11,077   - 2,000   - 2,000   - 3,000			-	-	-	
Accounts payable (Notes 18 and 28)			1		2	
Current tax liabilities (Note 23)		,	-		-	
Current tax liabilities (Note 23)						
Current portion of long-term borrowings (Note 17)	<b>1</b> • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •		3			
Current portion of long-term borrowings (Note 17)			-		1	
Other current liabilities         272         -         713         -           Total current liabilities         5,697,717         42         3,983,909         34           NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES         200,000         443,274         4         1,005,671         8           Deferred tax liabilities (Note 23)         429,543         3         343,589         3           Lease liabilities - non-current (Notes 15 and 28)         3,636         -         13,031         -           Other non-current liabilities         24,789         -         -         -           Total non-current liabilities         901,242         7         1,362,291         11           Total liabilities         6,598,959         49         5,346,200         45           EQUITY ATTRIBUTABLE TO OWNERS OF THE COMPANY (Note 20)         5         1,827,423         13         1,827,423         15           Retained earnings         2,012,033         15         2,012,033         17           Capital surplus         5,78,450         4         434,135         4           Special reserve         578,450         4         434,135         4           Unappropriated earnings         2,370,284         18         2,271,724         19			7		1	
NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES         443,274         4         1,005,671         8           Deferred tax liabilities (Note 23)         429,543         3         343,589         3           Lease liabilities - non-current (Notes 15 and 28)         3,636         -         13,031         -           Other non-current liabilities         24,789         -         -         -         -           Total non-current liabilities         901,242         7         1,362,291         11           EQUITY ATTRIBUTABLE TO OWNERS OF THE COMPANY (Note 20)           Share capital         2,012,033         15         2,012,033         17           Capital surplus         2,012,033         15         2,012,033         17           Retained earnings         2         1         434,135         4           Retained earnings         259,143         2         234,646         2           Special reserve         259,143         2         234,646         2           Unappropriated earnings         2,370,284         18         2,271,724         19           Total retained earnings         3,207,877         24         2,940,505         25           Exchange differences on translation of the financial statements of foreign operations <t< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></t<>						
NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES         443,274         4         1,005,671         8           Deferred tax liabilities (Note 23)         429,543         3         343,589         3           Lease liabilities - non-current (Notes 15 and 28)         3,636         -         13,031         -           Other non-current liabilities         24,789         -         -         -         -           Total non-current liabilities         901,242         7         1,362,291         11           EQUITY ATTRIBUTABLE TO OWNERS OF THE COMPANY (Note 20)           Share capital         2,012,033         15         2,012,033         17           Capital surplus         2,012,033         15         2,012,033         17           Retained earnings         2         1         434,135         4           Retained earnings         259,143         2         234,646         2           Special reserve         259,143         2         234,646         2           Unappropriated earnings         2,370,284         18         2,271,724         19           Total retained earnings         3,207,877         24         2,940,505         25           Exchange differences on translation of the financial statements of foreign operations <t< td=""><td>Total current liabilities</td><td>5 607 717</td><td>42</td><td>3 083 000</td><td>3/1</td></t<>	Total current liabilities	5 607 717	42	3 083 000	3/1	
Long-term borrowings (Note 17)         443,274         4         1,005,671         8           Deferred tax liabilities (Note 23)         429,543         3         343,889         3           Lease liabilities - non-current (Notes 15 and 28)         3,636         -         13,031         -           Other non-current liabilities         24,789         -         -         -           Total non-current liabilities         991,242         7         1,362,291         11           Total liabilities           Total liabilities         6,598,959         49         5,346,200         45           EQUITY ATTRIBUTABLE TO OWNERS OF THE COMPANY (Note 20)           Share capital         2,012,033         15         2,012,033         17           Capital surplus         1,827,423         13         1,827,423         15           Retained carnings         578,450         4         434,135         4           Special reserve         578,450         4         434,135         4           Special reserve         259,143         2         234,646         2           Unappropriated earnings         2,370,284         18         2,271,724         19           Total retained earnings         3,007,87	Total current haomities					
Deferred tax liabilities (Note 23)         429,543         3         343,589         3           Lease liabilities - non-current (Notes 15 and 28)         3,636         -         13,031         -           Other non-current liabilities         24,789         -         -         -         -           Total non-current liabilities         901,242         7         1,362,291         11           EQUITY ATTRIBUTABLE TO OWNERS OF THE COMPANY (Note 20)         -						
Lease liabilities - non-current (Notes 15 and 28)       3,636       -       13,031       -         Other non-current liabilities       901,242       7       1,362,291       11         Total non-current liabilities       6,598,959       49       5,346,200       45         EQUITY ATTRIBUTABLE TO OWNERS OF THE COMPANY (Note 20)       2,012,033       15       2,012,033       17         Share capital capital surplus       1,827,423       13       1,827,423       15         Retained earnings       2,912,033       15       2,012,033       15         Legal reserve       578,450       4       434,135       4         Special reserve       259,143       2       234,646       2         Unappropriated earnings       2,370,284       18       2,271,724       19         Total retained earnings       3,207,877       24       2,940,505       25         Exchange differences on translation of the financial statements of foreign operations       (134,736)       (1)       (259,144)       (2)         NON-CONTROLLING INTERESTS       22,035       -       19,571       -         Total equity       1,000       1,000       1,000       1,000       1,000       1,000       1,000       1,000       1,000<						
Other non-current liabilities         24,789         -			3		3	
Total non-current liabilities         901,242         7         1,362,291         11           Total liabilities         6,598,959         49         5,346,200         45           EQUITY ATTRIBUTABLE TO OWNERS OF THE COMPANY (Note 20)         2,012,033         15         2,012,033         17           Capital surplus         1,827,423         13         1,827,423         15           Retained earnings         1,827,423         13         1,827,423         15           Legal reserve         578,450         4         434,135         4           Special reserve         259,143         2         234,646         2           Unappropriated earnings         2,370,284         18         2,271,724         19           Total retained earnings         3,207,877         24         2,940,505         25           Exchange differences on translation of the financial statements of foreign operations         (134,736)         (1)         (259,144)         (2)           NON-CONTROLLING INTERESTS         22,035         -         19,571         -           Total equity         6,934,632         51         6,540,388         55			-	13,031	-	
Total liabilities         6.598,959         49         5.346,200         45           EQUITY ATTRIBUTABLE TO OWNERS OF THE COMPANY (Note 20)         2,012,033         15         2,012,033         17           Capital surplus         1,827,423         13         1,827,423         15           Retained earnings         8         1,827,423         15         1,827,423         15           Legal reserve         578,450         4         434,135         4         4         4,434,135         4         4         4,434,135         4         4         4,434,135         4         4         4,434,135         4         4         4,434,135         4         4         4,434,135         4         4         4,434,135         4         4         4,434,135         4         4         4,434,135         4         4         4,434,135         4         4         4,234,135         4         4         4,234,135         4         4         4,234,135         4         4         4,244,135         4         4         4,244,135         4         4         4,244,135         4         4         4,244,135         4         4         4,244,135         4         4         4,244,135         4         4         4,24	Other non-current naomities	24,769		<del>_</del>		
Share capital   2.012.033   15   2.012.033   17     Capital surplus   1.827.423   13   1.827.423   15     Retained earnings   2.012.033   15   2.012.033   17     Capital surplus   1.827.423   13   1.827.423   15     Retained earnings   2.012.033   15   2.012.033   17     Retained earnings   2.012.033   18   2.012.035   18     Special reserve   259,143   2   234,646   2     Unappropriated earnings   2.370.284   18   2.271.724   19     Total retained earnings   3.207.877   24   2.940.505   25     Exchange differences on translation of the financial statements of foreign operations   (134.736)   (1)   (259.144)   (2)     Total equity attributable to owners of the Company   6.912.597   51   6.520.817   55     NON-CONTROLLING INTERESTS   22.035   - 19.571   - 10.000   - 10.000     Total equity   1.000   1.000   1.000   1.000   1.000     Total equity   1.000   1.000   1.000   1.000     Total equity   1.000   1.000   1.000   1.000     Total equity   1.000   1.000   1.000     Total equity   1.000   1.000   1.000     Total equity   1.000     Total equity   1.000   1.000     Total equity   1.000	Total non-current liabilities	901,242	7	1,362,291	11	
Share capital         2,012,033         15         2,012,033         17           Capital surplus         1,827,423         13         1,827,423         15           Retained earnings <t< td=""><td>Total liabilities</td><td>6,598,959</td><td><u>49</u></td><td>5,346,200</td><td><u>45</u></td></t<>	Total liabilities	6,598,959	<u>49</u>	5,346,200	<u>45</u>	
Capital surplus       1,827,423       13       1,827,423       15         Retained earnings       Legal reserve       578,450       4       434,135       4         Special reserve       259,143       2       234,646       2         Unappropriated earnings       2,370,284       18       2,271,724       19         Total retained earnings       3,207,877       24       2,940,505       25         Exchange differences on translation of the financial statements of foreign operations       (134,736)       (1)       (259,144)       (2)         Total equity attributable to owners of the Company       6,912,597       51       6,520,817       55         NON-CONTROLLING INTERESTS       22,035       -       19,571       -         Total equity       6,934,632       51       6,540,388       55						
Retained earnings         Legal reserve       578,450       4       434,135       4         Special reserve       259,143       2       234,646       2         Unappropriated earnings       2,370,284       18       2,271,724       19         Total retained earnings       3,207,877       24       2,940,505       25         Exchange differences on translation of the financial statements of foreign operations       (134,736)       (1)       (259,144)       (2)         Total equity attributable to owners of the Company       6,912,597       51       6,520,817       55         NON-CONTROLLING INTERESTS       22,035       -       19,571       -         Total equity       6,934,632       51       6,540,388       55			<u>15</u>		<u>17</u>	
Legal reserve       578,450       4       434,135       4         Special reserve       259,143       2       234,646       2         Unappropriated earnings       2,370,284       18       2,271,724       19         Total retained earnings       3,207,877       24       2,940,505       25         Exchange differences on translation of the financial statements of foreign operations       (134,736)       (1)       (259,144)       (2)         Total equity attributable to owners of the Company       6,912,597       51       6,520,817       55         NON-CONTROLLING INTERESTS       22,035       -       19,571       -         Total equity       6,934,632       51       6,540,388       55		1,827,423	<u>13</u>	1,827,423	<u>15</u>	
Special reserve       259,143       2       234,646       2         Unappropriated earnings       2,370,284       18       2,271,724       19         Total retained earnings       3,207,877       24       2,940,505       25         Exchange differences on translation of the financial statements of foreign operations       (134,736)       (1)       (259,144)       (2)         Total equity attributable to owners of the Company       6,912,597       51       6,520,817       55         NON-CONTROLLING INTERESTS       22,035       -       19,571       -         Total equity       6,934,632       51       6,540,388       55	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	<b>55</b> 0 450		101 107		
Unappropriated earnings       2,370,284       18       2,271,724       19         Total retained earnings       3,207,877       24       2,940,505       25         Exchange differences on translation of the financial statements of foreign operations       (134,736)       (1)       (259,144)       (2)         Total equity attributable to owners of the Company       6,912,597       51       6,520,817       55         NON-CONTROLLING INTERESTS       22,035       -       19,571       -         Total equity       6,934,632       51       6,540,388       55						
Total retained earnings       3,207,877       24       2,940,505       25         Exchange differences on translation of the financial statements of foreign operations       (134,736)       (1)       (259,144)       (2)         Total equity attributable to owners of the Company       6,912,597       51       6,520,817       55         NON-CONTROLLING INTERESTS       22,035       -       19,571       -         Total equity       6,934,632       51       6,540,388       55						
Total equity attributable to owners of the Company       6,912,597       51       6,520,817       55         NON-CONTROLLING INTERESTS       22,035       -       19,571       -         Total equity       6,934,632       51       6,540,388       55					25	
Total equity attributable to owners of the Company       6,912,597       51       6,520,817       55         NON-CONTROLLING INTERESTS       22,035       -       19,571       -         Total equity       6,934,632       51       6,540,388       55	e		<u>(1</u> )		<u>(2</u> )	
Total equity <u>6,934,632</u> <u>51</u> <u>6,540,388</u> <u>55</u>	Total equity attributable to owners of the Company	6,912,597	51	6,520,817		
· ·	NON-CONTROLLING INTERESTS	22,035	<u> </u>	<u> 19,571</u>		
TOTAL <u>\$ 13,533,591</u> <u>100</u> <u>\$ 11,886,588</u> <u>100</u>	Total equity	6,934,632	51	6,540,388	<u>55</u>	
	TOTAL	<u>\$ 13,533,591</u>	<u>100</u>	\$ 11,886,588	100	

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the consolidated financial statements.

## CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022 AND 2021

(In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars, Except Earnings Per Share)

	2022		2021	
	Amount	%	Amount	%
OPERATING REVENUE Sales (Notes 21, 28 and 35)	\$ 15,428,409	100	\$ 13,235,516	100
OPERATING COSTS Cost of goods sold (Notes 11, 22 and 28)	(13,416,559)	<u>(87</u> )	_(10,534,526)	<u>(80</u> )
GROSS PROFIT	2,011,850	<u>13</u>	2,700,990	20
OPERATING EXPENSES (Notes 22 and 28) Selling and marketing expenses General and administrative expenses Research and development expenses Expected credit loss  Total operating expenses	(539,688) (270,082) (22,461) (3,371) (835,602)	(4) (2) - - - (6)	(504,303) (207,626) (22,910) (1,874) (736,713)	(4) (1) - - - (5)
PROFIT FROM OPERATIONS	1,176,248	7	1,964,277	<u>15</u>
NON-OPERATING INCOME AND EXPENSES (Notes 22 and 28) Interest income Other income Other gains and losses Finance costs Share of profit of associates and joint ventures	12,160 36,093 52,260 (162,923) 9,119	- 1 (1)	11,143 5,427 (60,446) (141,174) 13,419	- - (1) 
Total non-operating income and expenses	(53,291)		(171,631)	(1)
PROFIT BEFORE INCOME TAX	1,122,957	7	1,792,646	14
INCOME TAX EXPENSE (Note 23)	(208,527)	(1)	(344,734)	(3)
NET PROFIT FOR THE YEAR	914,430	6	1,447,912 (Con	11 ntinued)

## CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022 AND 2021

(In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars, Except Earnings Per Share)

	2022		2021		
	Amount	%	Amount	%	
OTHER COMPREHENSIVE LOSS  Items that will not be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss:  Exchange differences arising on translation to the presentation currency  Items that may be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss:	\$ 156,608	1	\$ (20,500)	-	
Exchange differences on translation of the financial statements of foreign operations	(32,943)		(4,286)		
Other comprehensive income (loss) for the year, net of income tax	123,665	1	(24,786)		
TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEAR	\$ 1,038,095		<u>\$ 1,423,126</u>	<u>11</u>	
NET PROFIT ATTRIBUTABLE TO: Owners of the Company Non-controlling interests	\$ 911,223 3,207 \$ 914,430	6 6	\$ 1,443,154 4,758 \$ 1,447,912	11 	
TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE INCOME ATTRIBUTABLE TO: Owners of the Company Non-controlling interests	\$ 1,035,631 2,464 \$ 1,038,095	7 	\$ 1,418,656 4,470 \$ 1,423,126	11 	
EARNINGS PER SHARE (Note 24) Basic Diluted	\$ 4.53 \$ 4.53		\$ 8.00 \$ 7.77		

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the consolidated financial statements.

(Concluded)

## CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022 AND 2021

(In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

			Equ	iity Attributable to	Owners of the Comp	any			_	
		Capital	_		Retained Earnings		Other Equity Exchange Differences on Translation of the Financial Statements of			
	Shares (In Thousands)	Amount	Capital Surplus	Reserve	Special Reserve	Unappropriated Earnings	Foreign Operations	Total	Non-controlling Interests	Total Equity
BALANCE AT JANUARY 1, 2021	168,000	\$ 1,680,000	\$ 916,905	\$ 384,779	\$ 282,190	\$ 1,132,782	\$ (234,646)	\$ 4,162,010	\$ 15,101	\$ 4,177,111
Appropriation of 2020 earnings Reserve Cash dividends distributed by the Company Special reserve	- - -	- - -	- - -	49,356 - -	- - (47,544)	(49,356) (302,400) 47,544	- - -	(302,400)	- - -	(302,400)
Issuance of ordinary shares for cash	30,000	300,000	780,000	-	-	-	-	1,080,000	-	1,080,000
Recognition of employee share options by the Company	-	-	3,435	-	-	-	-	3,435	-	3,435
Transaction costs attributable to issue of new ordinary shares	-	-	(2,820)	-	-	-	-	(2,820)	-	(2,820)
Net profit for the year ended December 31, 2021	-	-	-	-	-	1,443,154	-	1,443,154	4,758	1,447,912
Other comprehensive loss for the year ended December 31, 2021, net of income tax	<del>-</del>	<del>-</del>	<del></del>		<del>_</del>	<del></del>	(24,498)	(24,498)	(288)	(24,786)
Total comprehensive income (loss) for the year ended December 31, 2021	<del>_</del>	<u> </u>	<del></del>	<u> </u>	<del>_</del>	1,443,154	(24,498)	1,418,656	4,470	1,423,126
Convertible bonds converted to ordinary shares	3,203	32,033	129,903		<del>_</del>			161,936	<del>-</del>	161,936
BALANCE AT DECEMBER 31, 2021	201,203	2,012,033	1,827,423	434,135	234,646	2,271,724	(259,144)	6,520,817	19,571	6,540,388
Appropriation of 2021 earnings Reserve Special reserve Cash dividends distributed by the Company	- - -	- - -	- - -	144,315	- 24,497 -	(144,315) (24,497) (643,851)	- - -	- (643,851)	- - -	- (643,851)
Net profit for the year ended December 31, 2022	-	-	-	-	-	911,223	-	911,223	3,207	914,430
Other comprehensive income (loss) for the year ended December 31, 2022, net of income tax			<del>_</del>		<del>-</del>		<u>124,408</u>	124,408	<u>(743</u> )	123,665
Total comprehensive income for the year ended December 31, 2022	<del>_</del>	<del>_</del>	<del></del>	<u>-</u> _	<del>_</del>	911,223	124,408	1,035,631	2,464	1,038,095
BALANCE AT DECEMBER 31, 2022	201,203	<u>\$ 2,012,033</u>	<u>\$ 1,827,423</u>	<u>\$ 578,450</u>	<u>\$ 259,143</u>	<u>\$ 2,370,284</u>	<u>\$ (134,736)</u>	\$ 6,912,597	<u>\$ 22,035</u>	\$ 6,934,632

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the consolidated financial statements.

## CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022 AND 2021

(In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

	2022	2021
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES		
Income before income tax	\$ 1,122,957	\$ 1,792,646
Adjustments for:		
Depreciation expense	187,645	169,109
Amortization expense	6,755	5,770
Expected credit loss recognized on accounts receivable	3,371	1,874
Net loss (gain) on fair value changes of financial assets designated		
as at fair value through profit or loss	11,780	(4,385)
Interest expense	162,923	141,174
Interest income	(12,160)	(11,143)
Share-based compensation	_	3,435
Share of (profit) loss of associates and joint ventures	(9,119)	(13,419)
Loss on disposal of property, plant and equipment	321	1,081
Recognition (reversal) of inventory write-downs	12,620	(26,080)
Changes in operating assets and liabilities	265 001	(200, 271)
Notes receivable	265,091	(209,271)
Accounts receivable Other receivables	(25,399)	(589,343)
Inventories	37,091	(56,688)
Prepayments	(980,508) (237,532)	(1,610,020) (22,969)
Other current assets	(3,046)	(65)
Contract liabilities	(32,898)	92,606
Notes payable	(10,010)	(8,078)
Accounts payable	112,019	242,408
Deferred revenue	24,789	2 12, 100
Other payables	26,424	95,130
Other current liabilities	(441)	451
Cash generated from operations	662,673	(5,777)
Income tax paid	(293,051)	(125,183)
Net cash (used in) generated from operating activities	369,622	(130,960)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES		
Purchase of financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive		
income	(57,502)	(42,000)
Proceeds from sale of financial assets at amortized cost	147,137	-
Purchase of financial assets at amortized cost	-	(18,041)
Purchase of financial assets at fair value through profit or loss Proceeds from sale of financial assets at fair value through profit or	(1,058,545)	(1,257,733)
loss	1,119,251	1,223,818
Payments for property, plant and equipment	(704,858)	(595,812)
Proceeds from disposal of property, plant and equipment	1,124	2,425
Refundable deposits	(128)	3,537
Payments for intangible assets	(3,264)	(14,254)
Payment for right-of-use assets	-	(118,065)
		(Continued)

#### CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022 AND 2021

(In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

	2022	2021
Increase in other non-current assets	\$ -	\$ (495)
Decrease in other non-current assets	718	-
Increase in prepayments for equipment	(313,895)	(115,414)
Interest received	11,654	11,281
Net cash used in investing activities	(858,308)	(920,753)
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
Proceeds from short-term borrowings	773,059	565,087
Repayments of bonds	-	(258,300)
Proceeds from long-term borrowings	397,175	-
Repayments of long-term borrowings	-	(119,648)
Repayment of the principal portion of lease liabilities	(18,401)	(17,855)
Dividends paid to owners of the Company	(643,851)	(302,400)
Issuance of ordinary shares for cash	(1.64.702)	1,077,180
Interest paid	(164,702)	(135,526)
Net cash generated from financing activities	343,280	808,538
EFFECTS OF EXCHANGE RATE CHANGES ON THE BALANCE		
OF CASH HELD IN FOREIGN CURRENCIES	100,594	(6,711)
NET DECDE AGE IN CAGU AND GAGUEOUWAY ENTE	(44.010)	(2.40, 00.6)
NET DECREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	(44,812)	(249,886)
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT THE BEGINNING OF THE		
YEAR	1,695,818	1,945,704
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT THE END OF THE YEAR	<u>\$ 1,651,006</u>	<u>\$ 1,695,818</u>
The accompanying notes are an integral part of the consolidated financial st	tatements.	(Concluded)
2 2 2		

### NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022 AND 2021

(In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars, Unless Stated Otherwise)

#### 1. GENERAL INFORMATION

Tong Ming Enterprise Co., Ltd. (Cayman) (the "Company") was incorporated in the Cayman Islands in November 2009. The Company was established mainly to restructure the organization for public listing on the Taiwan Stock Exchange (TWSE). The Company has been the holding company of all its subsidiaries. The Company and its subsidiaries (collectively referred to as the "Group") mainly manufacture and sell fasteners and wires.

The Company's shares have been listed on TWSE since December 16, 2013.

The functional currency of the Company is the renminbi. For greater comparability and consistency of financial reporting, the consolidated financial statements are presented in New Taiwan dollars since the Company's shares are listed on the Taiwan Stock Exchange.

#### 2. APPROVAL OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The consolidated financial statements were approved by the Company's board of directors on March 14, 2023.

#### 3. APPLICATION OF NEW, AMENDED AND REVISED STANDARDS AND INTERPRETATIONS

a. Initial application of the amendments to the International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS), International Accounting Standards (IAS), IFRIC Interpretations (IFRIC), and SIC Interpretations (SIC) (collectively, the "IFRSs") endorsed and issued into effect by the Financial Supervisory Commission (FSC)

The initial application of the IFRSs endorsed and issued into effect by the FSC did not have material impact on the Group's accounting policies.

b. The IFRSs endorsed by the FSC for application starting from 2023

New, Amended and Revised Standards and Interpretations	Effective Date Announced by IASB
Amendments to IAS 1 "Disclosure of Accounting Policies"	January 1, 2023 (Note 1)
Amendments to IAS 8 "Definition of Accounting Estimates"	January 1, 2023 (Note 2)
Amendments to IAS 12 "Deferred Tax related to Assets and	January 1, 2023 (Note 3)
Liabilities arising from a Single Transaction"	

- Note 1: The amendments will be applied prospectively for annual reporting periods beginning on or after January 1, 2023.
- Note 2: The amendments will be applicable to changes in accounting estimates and changes in accounting policies that occur on or after the beginning of the annual reporting period beginning on or after January 1, 2023.

Note 3: Except for deferred taxes that were recognized on January 1, 2022 for temporary differences associated with leases and decommissioning obligations, the amendments will be applied prospectively to transactions that occur on or after January 1, 2022.

#### 1) Amendments to IAS 1 "Disclosure of Accounting Policies"

The amendments specify that the Group should refer to the definition of material to determine its material accounting policy information to be disclosed. Accounting policy information is material if it can reasonably be expected to influence decisions that the primary users of general purpose financial statements make on the basis of those financial statements. The amendments also clarify that:

- Accounting policy information that relates to immaterial transactions, other events or conditions is immaterial and need not be disclosed;
- The Group may consider the accounting policy information as material because of the nature of the related transactions, other events or conditions, even if the amounts are immaterial; and
- Not all accounting policy information relating to material transactions, other events or conditions is itself material.

The amendments also illustrate that accounting policy information is likely to be considered as material to the financial statements if that information relates to material transactions, other events or conditions and:

- a) The Group changed its accounting policy during the reporting period and this change resulted in a material change to the information in the financial statements;
- b) The Group chose the accounting policy from options permitted by the standards;
- c) The accounting policy was developed in accordance with IAS 8 "Accounting Policies, Changes in Accounting Estimates and Errors" in the absence of an IFRS that specifically applies;
- d) The accounting policy relates to an area for which the Group is required to make significant judgements or assumptions in applying an accounting policy, and the Group discloses those judgements or assumptions; or
- e) The accounting is complex and users of the financial statements would otherwise not understand those material transactions, other events or conditions.

#### 2) Amendments to IAS 8 "Definition of Accounting Estimates"

The amendments define that accounting estimates are monetary amounts in financial statements that are subject to measurement uncertainty. In applying accounting policies, the Group may be required to measure items at monetary amounts that cannot be observed directly and must instead be estimated. In such a case, the Group uses measurement techniques and inputs to develop accounting estimates to achieve the objective. The effects on an accounting estimate of a change in a measurement technique or a change in an input are changes in accounting estimates unless they result from the correction of prior period errors.

Except for the above impact, as of the date the consolidated financial statements were authorized for issue, the Group has assessed that the application of other standards and interpretations will not have a material impact on the Group's financial position and financial performance.

#### c. New IFRSs in issue but not yet endorsed and issued into effect by the FSC

Now IEDCa	Effective Date
New IFRSs	Announced by IASB (Note 1)
Amendments to IFRS 10 and IAS 28 "Sale or Contribution of Assets between An Investor and Its Associate or Joint Venture"	To be determined by IASB
Amendments to IFRS 16 "Leases Liability in a Sale and leaseback"	January 1, 2024 (Note 2)
IFRS 17 "Insurance Contracts"	January 1, 2023
Amendments to IFRS 17	January 1, 2023
Amendments to IFRS 17 "Initial Application of IFRS 9 and IFRS 17 -	January 1, 2023
Comparative Information"	
Amendments to IAS 1 "Classification of Liabilities as Current or	January 1, 2024
Non-current"	
Amendments to IAS 1 "Non-current Liabilities with Covenants"	January 1, 2024

- Note 1: Unless stated otherwise, the above New IFRSs are effective for annual reporting periods beginning on or after their respective effective dates.
- Note 2: A seller-lessee shall apply the Amendments to IFRS 16 retrospectively to sale and leaseback transactions entered into after the date of initial application of IFRS 16.

As of the date the consolidated financial statements were authorized for issue, the Group is continuously assessing the possible impact of the application of other standards and interpretations on the Group's financial position and financial performance and will disclose the relevant impact when the assessment is completed.

#### 4. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

#### a. Statement of compliance

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers and IFRSs as endorsed and issued into effect by the FSC.

#### b. Basis of preparation

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis except for financial instruments which are measured at fair value.

The fair value measurements, which are grouped into Levels 1 to 3 based on the degree to which the fair value measurement inputs are observable and based on the significance of the inputs to the fair value measurement in its entirety, are described as follows:

- 1) Level 1 inputs are quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities;
- 2) Level 2 inputs are inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for an asset or liability, either directly (i.e., as prices) or indirectly (i.e., derived from prices); and
- 3) Level 3 inputs are unobservable inputs for an asset or liability.

c. Classification of current and non-current assets and liabilities

Current assets include:

- 1) Assets held primarily for the purpose of trading;
- 2) Assets expected to be realized within 12 months after the reporting period; and
- 3) Cash and cash equivalents unless the asset is restricted from being exchanged or used to settle a liability for at least 12 months after the reporting period.

#### Current liabilities include:

- 1) Liabilities held primarily for the purpose of trading;
- 2) Liabilities due to be settled within 12 months after the reporting period, even if an agreement to refinance, or to reschedule payments, on a long-term basis is completed after the reporting period and before the consolidated financial statements are authorized for issue; and
- 3) Liabilities for which the Group does not have an unconditional right to defer settlement for at least 12 months after the reporting period. Terms of a liability that could, at the option of the counterparty, result in its settlement by the issue of equity instruments do not affect its classification.

Assets and liabilities that are not classified as current are classified as non-current.

#### d. Basis of consolidation

The consolidated financial statements incorporate the financial statements of the Company and the entities controlled by the Company (i.e., its subsidiaries, including structured entities).

Income and expenses of subsidiaries acquired or disposed of during the period are included in the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income from the effective dates of acquisitions up to the effective dates of disposals, as appropriate.

When necessary, adjustments are made to the financial statements of subsidiaries to bring their accounting policies into line with those used by the Company.

All intra-group transactions, balances, income and expenses are eliminated in full upon consolidation. Total comprehensive income of subsidiaries is attributed to the owners of the Company and to the non-controlling interests even if this results in the non-controlling interests having a deficit balance.

Changes in the Group's ownership interests in subsidiaries that do not result in the Group losing control over the subsidiaries are accounted for as equity transactions. The carrying amounts of the interests of the Group and the non-controlling interests are adjusted to reflect the changes in their relative interests in the subsidiaries. Any difference between the amount by which the non-controlling interests are adjusted and the fair value of the consideration paid or received is recognized directly in equity and attributed to the owners of the Company.

See Note 12, Tables 8 and 9 for detailed information on subsidiaries (including percentages of ownership and main businesses).

#### e. Foreign currencies

In preparing the financial statements of each individual entity in the Group, transactions in currencies other than the entity's functional currency (i.e., foreign currencies) are recognized at the rates of exchange prevailing at the dates of the transactions.

At the end of each reporting period, monetary items denominated in foreign currencies are retranslated at the rates prevailing at that date. Exchange differences on monetary items arising from settlement or translation are recognized in profit or loss in the period in which they arise.

Non-monetary items measured at fair value that are denominated in foreign currencies are retranslated at the rates prevailing at the date when the fair value was determined. Exchange differences arising from the retranslation of non-monetary items are included in profit or loss for the period except for exchange differences arising from the retranslation of non-monetary items in respect of which gains and losses are recognized directly in other comprehensive income; in which cases, the exchange differences are also recognized directly in other comprehensive income.

Non-monetary items that are measured at historical cost in a foreign currency are translated using the exchange rate at the date of the transaction (i.e., not retranslated).

For the purpose of presenting consolidated financial statements, the functional currencies of the Company and its foreign operations (including subsidiaries, associates, joint ventures and branches in other countries that use currencies which are different from the currency of the Company) are translated into the presentation currency, the New Taiwan dollar, as follows: Assets and liabilities are translated at the exchange rates prevailing at the end of the reporting period; and income and expense items are translated at the average exchange rates for the period. The resulting currency translation differences are recognized in other comprehensive income (attributed to the owners of the Company and non-controlling interests as appropriate). The exchange differences accumulated in equity, which resulted from the translation of the assets and liabilities of the entities in the Group into the presentation currency, are not subsequently reclassified to profit or loss.

#### f. Inventories

Inventories consist of raw materials, supplies and finished goods and work in progress and are stated at the lower of cost or net realizable value. Inventory write-downs are made by item, except where it may be appropriate to group similar or related items. The net realizable value is the estimated selling price of inventories less all estimated costs of completion and costs necessary to make the sale. Inventories are recorded at the weighted-average cost on the balance sheet date.

#### g. Investments in associates

An associate is an entity over which the Group has significant influence and which is neither a subsidiary nor an interest in a joint venture. The Group uses the equity method to account for its investments in associates.

Under the equity method, investments in an associate and a joint venture are initially recognized at cost and adjusted thereafter to recognize the Group's share of the profit or loss and other comprehensive income of the associate and joint venture. The Group also recognizes the changes in the Group's share of the equity of associates attributable to the Group.

Any excess of the cost of acquisition over the Group's share of the net fair value of the identifiable assets and liabilities of an associate at the date of acquisition is recognized as goodwill, which is included within the carrying amount of the investment and is not amortized. Any excess of the Group's share of the net fair value of the identifiable assets and liabilities over the cost of acquisition, after reassessment, is recognized immediately in profit or loss.

The entire carrying amount of an investment (including goodwill) is tested for impairment as a single asset by comparing its recoverable amount with its carrying amount. Any impairment loss recognized is not allocated to any asset, including goodwill, that forms part of the carrying amount of the investment. Any reversal of that impairment loss is recognized to the extent that the recoverable amount of the investment subsequently increases.

When the Group transacts with its associate, profits and losses resulting from the transactions with the associate are recognized in the Group' consolidated financial statements only to the extent that interests in the associate are not related to the Group.

#### h. Property, plant and equipment

Property, plant and equipment are initially measured at cost and subsequently measured at cost less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment loss.

The depreciation of property, plant and equipment is recognized using the straight-line method. Each significant part is depreciated separately. Each significant part is depreciated separately. If the lease terms are shorter than their useful lives, such assets are depreciated over their lease terms. The estimated useful lives, residual values and depreciation methods are reviewed at the end of each reporting period, with the effects of any changes in the estimates accounted for on a prospective basis.

On derecognition of an item of property, plant and equipment, the difference between the sales proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset is recognized in profit or loss.

#### i. Intangible assets

#### 1) Intangible assets acquired separately

Intangible assets with finite useful lives that are acquired separately are initially measured at cost and subsequently measured at cost less accumulated amortization and accumulated impairment loss. Amortization is recognized on a straight-line basis. The estimated useful lives, residual values, and amortization methods are reviewed at the end of each reporting period, with the effect of any changes in the estimates accounted for on a prospective basis. Intangible assets with indefinite useful lives that are acquired separately are measured at cost less accumulated impairment loss.

#### 2) Derecognition of intangible assets

On derecognition of an intangible asset, the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset is recognized in profit or loss.

j. Impairment of property, plant and equipment, right-of-use asset and intangible assets other than goodwill

At the end of each reporting period, the Group reviews the carrying amounts of its property, plant and equipment, right-of-use asset, investment properties and intangible assets, excluding goodwill, to determine whether there is any indication that those assets have suffered an impairment loss. If any such indication exists, the recoverable amount of the asset is estimated in order to determine the extent of the impairment loss. When it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of an individual asset, the Group estimates the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs. Corporate assets are allocated to the individual cash-generating units on a reasonable and consistent basis of allocation.

The recoverable amount is the higher of fair value less costs to sell and value in use. If the recoverable amount of an asset or cash-generating unit is estimated to be less than its carrying amount, the carrying amount of the asset or cash-generating unit is reduced to its recoverable amount, with the resulting impairment loss recognized in profit or loss.

When an impairment loss is subsequently reversed, the carrying amount of the corresponding asset, cash-generating unit or assets related to contract costs is increased to the revised estimate of its recoverable amount, but only to the extent of the carrying amount that would have been determined had no impairment loss been recognized for the asset, cash-generating unit or assets related to contract costs in prior years. A reversal of an impairment loss is recognized in profit or loss.

#### k. Financial instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are recognized when the Group becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instruments.

Financial assets and financial liabilities are initially measured at fair value. Transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition or issuance of financial assets and financial liabilities (other than financial assets and financial liabilities at FVTPL) are added to or deducted from the fair value of the financial assets or financial liabilities, as appropriate, on initial recognition. Transaction costs directly attributable to the acquisition of financial assets or financial liabilities at FVTPL are recognized immediately in profit or loss.

#### 1) Financial assets

All regular way purchases or sales of financial assets are recognized and derecognized on a trade date basis.

#### a) Measurement categories

Financial assets are classified into the following categories: Financial assets at FVTPL, financial assets at amortized cost and investments in debt instruments and equity instruments at FVTOCI.

#### i. Financial assets at FVTPL

Financial assets are classified as at FVTPL when such a financial asset is mandatorily classified or designated as at FVTPL. Financial assets mandatorily classified as at FVTPL include investments in equity instruments which are not designated as at FVTOCI and debt instruments that do not meet the amortized cost criteria or the FVTOCI criteria.

Financial assets at FVTPL are subsequently measured at fair value, and any dividends or interest earned on such financial assets are recognized in other income; any remeasurement gains or losses on such financial assets are recognized in other gains or losses. Fair value is determined in the manner described in Note 28: Financial Instruments.

#### ii. Financial assets at amortized cost

Financial assets that meet the following conditions are subsequently measured at amortized cost:

- i) The financial asset is held within a business model whose objective is to hold financial assets in order to collect contractual cash flows; and
- ii) The contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

Subsequent to initial recognition, financial assets at amortized cost, including cash and cash equivalents, notes and accounts receivable and other receivables, are measured at amortized cost, which equals the gross carrying amount determined using the effective interest method less any impairment loss. Exchange differences are recognized in profit or loss.

Interest income is calculated by applying the effective interest rate to the gross carrying amount of such a financial asset, except for:

- i) Purchased or originated credit-impaired financial assets, for which interest income is calculated by applying the credit-adjusted effective interest rate to the amortized cost of such financial assets; and
- ii) Financial assets that are not credit-impaired on purchase or origination but have subsequently become credit-impaired, for which interest income is calculated by applying the effective interest rate to the amortized cost of such financial assets in subsequent reporting periods.

Cash equivalents include time deposits with original maturities within 3 months from the date of acquisition, which are highly liquid, readily convertible to a known amount of cash and are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value. These cash equivalents are held for the purpose of meeting short-term cash commitments.

#### iii. Investments in debt instruments at FVTOCI

Debt instruments that meet the following conditions are subsequently measured at FVTOCI:

- i) The debt instrument is held within a business model whose objective is achieved by both the collecting of contractual cash flows and the selling of such financial assets; and
- ii) The contractual terms of the debt instrument give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

Investments in debt instruments at FVTOCI are subsequently measured at fair value. Changes in the carrying amounts of these debt instruments relating to changes in foreign currency exchange rates, interest income calculated using the effective interest method and impairment losses or reversals are recognized in profit or loss. Other changes in the carrying amount of these debt instruments are recognized in other comprehensive income and will be reclassified to profit or loss when the investment is disposed of.

#### iv. Investments in equity instruments at FVTOCI

On initial recognition, the Group may make an irrevocable election to designate investments in equity instruments as at FVTOCI. Designation as at FVTOCI is not permitted if the equity investment is held for trading or if it is contingent consideration recognized by an acquirer in a business combination.

Investments in equity instruments at FVTOCI are subsequently measured at fair value with gains and losses arising from changes in fair value recognized in other comprehensive income and accumulated in other equity. The cumulative gain or loss will not be reclassified to profit or loss on disposal of the equity investments; instead, it will be transferred to retained earnings.

Dividends on these investments in equity instruments are recognized in profit or loss when the Group's right to receive the dividends is established, unless the dividends clearly represent a recovery of part of the cost of the investment.

#### b) Impairment of financial assets and contract assets

The Group recognizes a loss allowance for expected credit losses on financial assets at amortized cost (including trade receivables), investments in debt instruments that are measured at FVTOCI, lease receivables, as well as contract assets.

The Group always recognizes lifetime expected credit losses (ECLs) for trade receivables, lease receivables and contract assets. For all other financial instruments, the Group recognizes lifetime ECLs when there has been a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition. If, on the other hand, the credit risk on a financial instrument has not increased significantly since initial recognition, the Group measures the loss allowance for that financial instrument at an amount equal to 12-month ECLs.

Expected credit losses reflect the weighted average of credit losses with the respective risks of default occurring as the weights. Lifetime ECLs represent the expected credit losses that will result from all possible default events over the expected life of a financial instrument. In contrast, 12-month ECLs represent the portion of lifetime ECLs that is expected to result from default events on a financial instrument that are possible within 12 months after the reporting date.

The impairment loss of all financial assets is recognized in profit or loss by a reduction in their carrying amounts through a loss allowance account, except for investments in debt instruments that are measured at FVTOCI, for which the loss allowance is recognized in other comprehensive income and the carrying amounts of such financial assets are not reduced.

#### c) Derecognition of financial assets

The Group derecognizes a financial asset only when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the asset expire or when it transfers the financial asset and substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of the asset to another party.

On derecognition of a financial asset at amortized cost in its entirety, the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the sum of the consideration received and receivable is recognized in profit or loss. On derecognition of an investment in a debt instrument at FVTOCI, the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the sum of the consideration received and receivable and the cumulative gain or loss which had been recognized in other comprehensive income is recognized in profit or loss. However, on derecognition of an investment in an equity instrument at FVTOCI, the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the sum of the consideration received and receivable is recognized in profit or loss, and the cumulative gain or loss which had been recognized in other comprehensive income is transferred directly to retained earnings, without recycling through profit or loss.

#### 2) Equity instruments

Debt and equity instruments issued by the Group are classified as either financial liabilities or as equity in accordance with the substance of the contractual arrangements and the definitions of a financial liability and an equity instrument.

Equity instruments issued by the Group are recognized at the proceeds received, net of direct issue costs.

The repurchase of the Company's own equity instruments is recognized in and deducted directly from equity. No gain or loss is recognized in profit or loss on the purchase, sale, issuance or cancellation of the Company's own equity instruments.

#### 3) Financial liabilities

#### a) Subsequent measurement

Except the following situations, all financial liabilities are measured at amortized cost using the effective interest method:

#### Financial liabilities at FVTPL

Financial liabilities are classified as at FVTPL when such financial liabilities are either held for trading or designated as at FVTPL.

Financial liabilities held for trading are stated at fair value, with any gain or loss arising on remeasurement recognized in profit or loss. The net gain or loss recognized in profit or loss incorporates any interest or dividends paid on such financial liability. Fair value is determined in the manner described in Note 27.

#### b) Derecognition of financial liabilities

The difference between the carrying amount of a financial liability derecognized and the consideration paid, including any non-cash assets transferred or liabilities assumed, is recognized in profit or loss.

#### 4) Derivative financial instruments

The Group enters into a variety of derivative financial instruments to manage its exposure to interest rate and foreign exchange rate risks, including foreign exchange forward contracts.

Derivatives are initially recognized at fair value at the date on which the derivative contracts are entered into and are subsequently remeasured to their fair value at the end of each reporting period. The resulting gain or loss is recognized in profit or loss immediately unless the derivative is designated and effective as a hedging instrument; in which event, the timing of the recognition in profit or loss depends on the nature of the hedging relationship. When the fair value of a derivative financial instrument is positive, the derivative is recognized as a financial liability.

Derivatives embedded in hybrid contracts that contain financial asset hosts that is within the scope of IFRS 9 are not separated; instead, the classification is determined in accordance with the entire hybrid contract. Derivatives embedded in non-derivative host contracts that are not financial assets that is within the scope of IFRS 9 (e.g., financial liabilities) are treated as separate derivatives when they meet the definition of a derivative; their risks and characteristics are not closely related to those of the host contracts; and the host contracts are not measured at FVTPL.

#### 1. Revenue recognition

The Group identifies contracts with customers, allocates the transaction price to the performance obligations and recognizes revenue when performance obligations are satisfied.

#### Revenue from the sale of goods

Revenue from the sale of goods comes from sales of fasteners and wires. Sales of fasteners and wires are recognized as revenue when the goods are delivered to the customer's specific location or the goods are shipped because it is the time when the customer has full discretion over the manner of distribution and price to sell the goods, has the primary responsibility for sales to future customers and bears the risks of obsolescence. Sales and trade receivables are recognized concurrently.

#### m. Leases

At the inception of a contract, the Group assesses whether the contract is, or contains, a lease.

#### 1) The Group as lessor

Leases are classified as finance leases whenever the terms of a lease transfer substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership to the lessee. All other leases are classified as operating leases.

Lease payments (less any lease incentives payable) from operating leases are recognized as income on a straight-line basis over the terms of the relevant leases. Initial direct costs incurred in obtaining operating leases are added to the carrying amounts of the underlying assets and recognized as expenses on a straight-line basis over the lease terms.

When a lease includes both land and building elements, the Group assesses the classification of each element separately as a finance or an operating lease based on the assessment as to whether substantially all the risks and rewards incidental to ownership of each element have been transferred to the lessee. The lease payments are allocated between the land and the building elements in proportion to the relative fair values of the leasehold interests in the land element and building element of the lease at the inception of a contract. If the allocation of the lease payments can be made reliably, each element is accounted for separately in accordance with its lease classification. When the lease payments cannot be allocated reliably between the land and building elements, the entire lease is generally classified as a finance lease unless it is clear that both elements are operating leases; in which case, the entire lease is classified as an operating lease.

#### 2) The Group as lessee

The Group recognizes right-of-use assets and lease liabilities for all leases at the commencement date of a lease, except for short-term leases and low-value asset leases accounted for applying a recognition exemption where lease payments are recognized as expenses on a straight-line basis over the lease terms.

Right-of-use assets are initially measured at cost, which comprises the initial measurement of lease liabilities adjusted for lease payments made at or before the commencement date, plus any initial direct costs incurred and an estimate of costs needed to restore the underlying assets, and less any lease incentives received. Right-of-use assets are subsequently measured at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses and adjusted for any remeasurement of the lease liabilities. Right-of-use assets are presented on a separate line in the consolidated balance sheets.

Right-of-use assets are depreciated using the straight-line method from the commencement dates to the earlier of the end of the useful lives of the right-of-use assets or the end of the lease terms.

Lease liabilities are initially measured at the present value of the lease payments, which comprise fixed payments. The lease payments are discounted using the interest rate implicit in a lease, if that rate can be readily determined. If that rate cannot be readily determined, the Group uses the lessee's incremental borrowing rate.

Subsequently, lease liabilities are measured at amortized cost using the effective interest method, with interest expense recognized over the lease terms. When there is a change in a lease term, the Group remeasures the lease liabilities with a corresponding adjustment to the right-of-use-assets. However, if the carrying amount of the right-of-use assets is reduced to zero, any remaining amount of the remeasurement is recognized in profit or loss. Lease liabilities are presented on a separate line in the consolidated balance sheets.

#### n. Borrowing costs

Borrowing costs directly attributable to an acquisition, construction or production of qualifying assets are added to the cost of those assets, until such time as the assets are substantially ready for their intended use or sale.

Investment income earned on the temporary investment of specific borrowings pending their expenditure on qualifying assets is deducted from the borrowing costs eligible for capitalization.

Other than that which is stated above, all other borrowing costs are recognized in profit or loss in the period in which they are incurred.

#### o. Government grants

Government grants are not recognized until there is reasonable assurance that the Group will comply with the conditions attached to them and that the grants will be received.

Government grants that are receivable as compensation for expenses or losses already incurred or for the purpose of giving immediate financial support to the Group with no future related costs are recognized in profit or loss in the period in which they become receivable.

#### p. Employee benefits

#### 1) Short-term employee benefits

Liabilities recognized in respect of short-term employee benefits are measured at the undiscounted amount of the benefits expected to be paid in exchange for the related services.

#### 2) Retirement benefits

Payments to defined contribution retirement benefit plans are recognized as expenses when employees have rendered services entitling them to the contributions.

#### q. Taxation

Income tax expense represents the sum of the tax currently payable and deferred tax.

#### 1) Current tax

Income tax payable (recoverable) is based on taxable profit (loss) for the year determined according to the applicable tax laws of each tax jurisdiction.

According to the Income Tax Act in the ROC, an additional tax on unappropriated earnings is provided for in the year the shareholders approve to retain earnings.

Adjustments of prior years' tax liabilities are added to or deducted from the current year's tax provision.

#### 2) Deferred tax

Deferred tax is recognized on temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities and the corresponding tax bases used in the computation of taxable profit.

Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognized for all taxable temporary differences. Deferred tax assets are generally recognized for all deductible temporary differences to the extent that it is probable that taxable profits will be available against which those deductible temporary differences can be utilized.

Deferred tax liabilities are recognized for taxable temporary differences associated with investments in subsidiaries and associates and interests in joint arrangements, except where the Group is able to control the reversal of the temporary difference and it is probable that the temporary difference will not reverse in the foreseeable future. Deferred tax assets arising from deductible temporary differences associated with such investments and interests are only recognized to the extent that it is probable that there will be sufficient taxable profits against which to utilize the benefits of the temporary differences and they are expected to reverse in the foreseeable future.

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at the end of each reporting period and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow all or part of the assets to be recovered. A previously unrecognized deferred tax asset is also reviewed at the end of each reporting period and recognized to the extent that it has become probable that future taxable profit will allow the deferred tax asset to be recovered.

Deferred tax liabilities and assets are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period in which the liabilities are settled or the assets are realized, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period. The measurement of deferred tax liabilities and assets reflects the tax consequences that would follow from the manner in which the Group expects, at the end of the reporting period, to recover or settle the carrying amount of its assets and liabilities.

#### 3) Current and deferred taxes for the year

Current and deferred taxes are recognized in profit or loss, except when they relate to items that are recognized in other comprehensive income or directly in equity; in which case, the current and deferred taxes are also recognized in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, respectively.

## 5. CRITICAL ACCOUNTING JUDGMENTS AND KEY SOURCES OF ESTIMATION UNCERTAINTY

In the application of the Group's accounting policies, management is required to make judgments, estimations, and assumptions on the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and other factors that are considered relevant. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

The Group considers the recent developments and possible on the economic implications of the COVID-19 into consideration of estimation of cash flow, growth rate, discount rate, profitability, and other relevant critical accounting estimates. The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognized in the period in which the estimates are revised if the revisions affect only that period or in the period of the revisions and future periods if the revisions affect both current and future periods.

#### Significant accounting judgments

There were none.

#### The main sources of uncertainty in estimates and assumptions

#### Write-down of inventories

The net realizable value of inventory is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business less the estimated costs of completion and disposal. The estimation of net realizable value is based on current market conditions and historical experience with product sales of a similar nature. Changes in market conditions may have a material impact on the estimation of the net realizable value.

#### 6. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

	December 31			
	2022	2021		
Cash on hand Checking accounts and demand deposits Time deposits	\$ 590 1,381,01 	1,695,226		
	\$ 1,651,00	<u>\$ 1,695,818</u>		

#### 7. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS AT FAIR VALUE THROUGH PROFIT OR LOSS

	December 31			
	2022	2021		
Financial assets at FVTPL - current				
Financial assets mandatorily classified as at FVTPL Derivative financial assets (not under hedge accounting) Foreign exchange forward contracts (c) Hybrid financial assets Structured deposits (a-b)	\$ - <u>242,440</u>	\$ 5,775 <u>304,080</u>		
	<u>\$ 242,440</u>	\$ 309,855		
Financial liabilities at FVTPL - current				
Financial liabilities held for trading Derivative financial liabilities (not under hedge accounting) Foreign exchange forward contracts (c)	<u>\$ 428</u>	<u>\$</u>		

- a. As of December 31, 2022 and 2021, the Group held financial product contracts issued by Lujiazui Trust Co., Ltd. respectively, with contract amounts of RMB35,000 thousand and RMB60,000 thousand.
- b. On December 31, 2022, the Group and CTBC Bank Co., Ltd. signed an open non-guaranteed floating income commodity contract with a contract amount of RMB20,000 thousand.

c. At the end of the reporting period, outstanding foreign exchange forward contracts not under hedge accounting were as follows:

	Currency	Maturity Date	Notional Amount (In Thousands)
<u>December 31, 2022</u>			
Sell Sell Purchase	NTD/USD JPY/USD NTD/USD	2023.01.18-2023.08.28 2023.01.16-2023.01.31 2023.01.19	NTD3,440/USD115 JPY44,322/USD320 NTD1,413/USD44
<u>December 31, 2021</u>			
Sell Sell Sell	NTD/USD NTD/EUR RMB/USD	2022.01.05-2022.06.22 2022.04.11 2022.01.04-2022.07.05	NTD35,583/USD1,280 NTD1,253/EUR40 RMB171,631/USD26,500

The Group entered into foreign exchange forward contracts to manage exposures to exchange rate fluctuations of foreign currency denominated assets and liabilities.

#### 8. FINANCIAL ASSETS AT FAIR VALUE THROUGH OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

	Decem	iber 31
	2022	2021
Noncurrent		
Unlisted shares	\$ 99,502	<u>\$ 42,000</u>

The Group acquired ordinary shares of TUNG MUNG DEVELOPMENT CO., LTD. and SHANGHAI ELITESLAND SOFTWARE SYSTEM CO., LTD for medium to long-term strategic purposes. Accordingly, the management elected to designate these investments in equity instruments as at FVTOCI as they believe that recognizing short-term fluctuations in these investments' fair value in profit or loss would not be consistent with the Group's strategy of holding these investments for long-term purposes.

#### 9. FINANCIAL ASSETS AT AMORTIZED COST

	December 31		
	2022	2021	
Current			
Time deposits with original maturity of more than 3 months	<u>\$ 25,046</u>	\$ 172,183	

- a. The ranges of interest rates for time deposits with original maturities of more than 3 months were approximately 2.03%-5.25% and 0.25%-2.25% per annum as of December 31, 2022 and 2021, respectively.
- b. Time deposits with original maturity of more than 3 months as stated above were not pledged as security at the end of the reporting period.

#### 10. NOTES AND ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE

	December 31		
Notes receivable	2022	2021	
At amortized cost Gross carrying amount Less: Allowance for impairment loss	\$ 293,746 (309)	\$ 558,793 (1,17 <u>3</u> )	
	<u>\$ 293,437</u>	<u>\$ 557,620</u>	
Aging analysis of notes receivable			
Not past due Over 180 days Less: Allowance for impairment loss	\$ 293,437 309 (309)	\$ 557,620 1,173 (1,173)	
	<u>\$ 293,437</u>	<u>\$ 557,620</u>	

The movements of the loss allowance of trade receivables and notes receivables were as follows:

	For the Year End	led December 31 2021
Balance at January 1 Add: Net remeasurement of loss allowance Foreign exchange gains and losses	\$ 1,173 (886) <u>22</u>	\$ 1,182 (9)
Balance at December 31	<u>\$ 309</u>	<u>\$ 1,173</u>
	Decem	ber 31
	2022	2021
Accounts receivable		
At amortized cost		
Gross carrying amount	\$ 2,263,145	\$ 2,233,643
Less: Allowance for impairment loss	(9,739)	(5,449)
	2,253,406	2,228,194
At fair value through other comprehensive income	4,229	8,261
	\$ 2,257,635	\$ 2,236,455

#### **Trade Receivables**

#### a. At amortized cost

The average credit period of sales of goods was 90-120 days. No interest was charged on trade receivables.

In order to minimize credit risk, the management of the Company has delegated a team responsible for determining credit limits, credit approvals and other monitoring procedures to ensure that follow-up action is taken to recover overdue debts. In addition, the Group reviews the recoverable amount of each individual trade debt at the end of the reporting period to ensure that adequate allowance is made for

possible irrecoverable amounts. In this regard, the management believes the Group's credit risk was significantly reduced.

The Group applies the simplified approach to providing for expected credit losses prescribed by IFRS 9, which permits the use of lifetime expected loss provision for all trade receivables. The expected credit losses on trade receivables are estimated using a provision matrix approach considering the past default experience of the debtor and an analysis of the debtor's current financial position, adjusted for general economic conditions of the industry in which the debtors operate and an assessment of both the current as well as the forecast direction of economic conditions at the reporting date. As the Group's historical credit loss experience does not show significantly different loss patterns for different customer segments, the provision for loss allowance based on past due status is not further distinguished according to the Group's different customer base.

The Group writes off a trade receivable when there is information indicating that the debtor is in severe financial difficulty and there is no realistic prospect of recovery, e.g., when the debtor has been placed under liquidation, or when the trade receivables are over 180 days past due, whichever occurs earlier. For trade receivables that have been written off, the Group continues to engage in enforcement activity to attempt to recover the receivables due. Where recoveries are made, these are recognized in profit or loss.

The following table details the loss allowance of trade receivables based on the Group's provision matrix.

#### December 31, 2022

	Not Past Due	Less than 60 Days	61 to 120 Days	121 to 180 Days	Over 181 Days	Total
Expected credit loss rate	0%-5.97%	0%-6.07%	0%-7.88%	0.59%-33.5%	100%	
Gross carrying amount Loss allowance (lifetime	\$ 2,065,711	\$ 165,260	\$ 21,862	\$ 2,546	\$ 7,766	\$ 2,263,145
ECL)	(5,550)	(246)	(881)	(51)	(3,011)	(9,739)
Amortized cost	\$ 2,060,161	<u>\$ 165,014</u>	\$ 20,981	<u>\$ 2,495</u>	\$ 4,755	\$ 2,253,406

#### December 31, 2021

	Not Past Due	Less than 60 Days	61 to 120 Days	121 to 180 Days	Over 181 Days	Total
Expected credit loss rate	0%-0.01%	0%-0.85%	0.06%-3.63%	1.88%-31.99%	100%	
Gross carrying amount Loss allowance (lifetime	\$ 2,068,882	\$ 144,229	\$ 7,947	\$ 4,869	\$ 7,716	\$ 2,233,643
ECL)	(594)	(15)	(20)	(95)	(4,725)	(5,449)
Amortized cost	\$ 2,068,288	<u>\$ 144,214</u>	<u>\$ 7,927</u>	<u>\$ 4,774</u>	\$ 2,991	\$ 2,228,194

The movements of the loss allowance of trade receivables were as follows:

	For the Year Ended December 31		
	2022	2021	
Balance at January 1 Add: Net remeasurement of loss allowance Less: Amounts written off Foreign exchange gains and losses	\$ 5,449 4,257 (5) 38	\$ 5,273 1,874 (1,686) (12)	
Balance at December 31	<u>\$ 9,739</u>	<u>\$ 5,449</u>	

#### b. At FVTOCI

For trade receivables that are sold, the Group will decide whether to sell these trade receivables to banks without recourse based on its level of working capital. These trade receivables are classified as at FVTOCI because they are held within a business model whose objective is achieved by both collecting contractual cash flows and selling financial assets.

The average credit period of sales of goods was 75 days. No interest was charged on trade receivables.

The Group applies the simplified approach to providing for expected credit losses prescribed by IFRS 9, which permits the use of lifetime expected loss provision for all trade receivables. The expected credit losses on trade receivables are estimated using a provision matrix approach considering the past default experience of the debtor and an analysis of the debtor's current financial position, adjusted for general economic conditions of the industry in which the debtors operate and an assessment of both the current as well as the forecast direction of economic conditions at the reporting date. As the Group's historical credit loss experience does not show significantly different loss patterns for different customer segments, the provision for loss allowance based on past due status is not further distinguished according to the Group's different customer base.

The Group writes off a trade receivable when there is information indicating that the debtor is in severe financial difficulty and there is no realistic prospect of recovery, e.g., when the debtor has been placed under liquidation, or when the trade receivables are over 180 days past due, whichever occurs earlier. For trade receivables that have been written off, the Group continues to engage in enforcement activity to attempt to recover the receivables due. Where recoveries are made, these are recognized in profit or loss.

The following table details the loss allowance of trade receivables based on the Group's provision matrix.

#### December 31, 2022

	Not Past Due	Less than 60 Days	61 to 120 Days	120 to 180 Days	Over 180 Days	Total
Expected credit loss rate	0%	0%	0%	0%	100%	
Gross carrying amount Loss allowance (lifetime ECL)	\$ 4,229	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 4,229
Amortized cost	\$ 4,229	\$ -	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	\$ -	\$ 4,229

#### December 31, 2021

	Not Past Due	Less than 60 Days	61 to 120 Days	120 to 180 Days	Over 180 Days	Total
Expected credit loss rate	0%	0%	0%	0%	100%	
Gross carrying amount Loss allowance (lifetime	\$ 8,261	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 8,261
ECL)					<del></del>	
Amortized cost	\$ 8,261	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	\$ -	<u>\$</u>	\$ 8,261

#### 11. INVENTORIES

	December 31			
	2022	2021		
Finished goods Raw materials and supplies	\$ 3,417,912 2,178,535	\$ 2,492,585 2,135,564		
	<u>\$ 5,596,447</u>	\$ 4,628,149		

The cost of goods sold is as follows:

	December 31		
	2022	2021	
Cost of inventories sold Write-downs/(reversal of write-downs) of inventories	\$ 13,403,939 12,620	\$ 10,560,606 (26,080)	
	<u>\$ 13,416,559</u>	\$ 10,534,526	

#### 12. SUBSIDIARIES

#### **Subsidiaries Included in Consolidated Financial Statements**

				of Ownership %)	
			Decen		
Investor	Investee	Nature of Activities	2022	2021	Remark
Tong Ming Enterprise Co.,	Tong Group Limited	Investment	100.00	100.00	
Ltd. (Cayman)	China Rich International Holding Limited	Investment	100.00	100.00	
	Winlink Fasteners Co., Ltd.	Selling and marketing of fasteners and wires	100.00	100.00	
	Tong Win International Co., Ltd.	Selling and marketing of fasteners and wires	100.00	100.00	
	Fast Link	Selling and marketing of fasteners and wires	83.33	83.33	*
	Meta	Investment	100.00	-	*
	Tonglink Enterprise Co., Ltd.	Purchase and sale of screws, etc. and computer programming	100.00	-	*
Tong Group Limited	Tong Ming Enterprise (Zhejiang) Co., Ltd.	Manufacturing, selling and marketing of fasteners and wires	90.20	90.20	
China Rich International Holding Limited	Tong Ming Enterprise (Zhejiang) Co., Ltd.	Manufacturing, selling and marketing of fasteners and wires	9.50	9.50	
Tong Ming Enterprise	Tong Ming Trading Limited	Buying and selling raw materials	100.00	100.00	*
(Zhejiang) Co., Ltd.	Tong Ming Holding Limited	Investment	100.00	100.00	*
	Shenzhen Yiqin Industrial Fastener Co., Ltd.	Selling and marketing of fasteners and wires	100.00	100.00	*
	Tong Win Trading (Jiaxing) Co., Ltd.	Selling and marketing of fasteners and wires	100.00	100.00	*
	Tong Yi Enterprise (Zhejiang) Co., Ltd.	E-commerce platform	100.00	-	*
Meta	Tong Ho Enterprise (Zhejiang) Co., Ltd.	Stainless steel wire manufacturing and other hardware business	100.00	-	*

<sup>\*</sup> The entity is not a major subsidiary; its financial statements have not been audited. Management believes that there will not be a significant impact on the Group's consolidated financial statements had the financial statements of the above-mentioned non-essential subsidiaries been audited.

#### 13. INVESTMENTS ACCOUNTED FOR USING EQUITY METHOD

#### a. Investments in associates

	December 31		
	2022	2021	
Associates that are not individually material	<u>\$ 43,118</u>	<u>\$ 33,541</u>	

b. Aggregate information of associates that are not individually material

	For the Year Ended December 31		
	2022	2021	
The Group's share of: Profit (loss) from continuing operations	\$ 9,119	<u>\$ 13,419</u>	
Total comprehensive income (loss) for the year	\$ 9,119	<u>\$ 13,419</u>	

Investments were accounted for using the equity method and the share of profit or loss and other comprehensive income of those investments were calculated based on financial statements which have not been audited. Management believes there is no material impact on the equity method accounting or the calculation of the share of profit or loss and other comprehensive income from the financial statements of which has not been audited.

#### 14. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

	Land	Buildings	Machinery and Equipment	Transportation Equipment	Office Equipment and Other Equipment	Property under Construction	Total
Cost							
Balance at January 1, 2022 Additions Disposals Reclassification Effects of foreign currency exchange differences	\$ 1,745 - - -	\$ 689,796 49,672 - - 9,892	\$ 1,893,628 131,145 (5,572) 111,280 	\$ 51,923 5,820 (5,285)	\$ 265,186 55,169 (2,738) 57	\$ 414,845 466,908	\$ 3,317,123 708,714 (13,595) 111,337
Balance at December 31, 2022	<u>\$ 1,745</u>	\$ 749,360	\$ 2,158,068	\$ 52,997	\$ 321,486	\$ 885,215	<u>\$ 4,168,871</u>
Accumulated depreciation and impairment							
Balance at January 1, 2022 Depreciation expense Disposals	\$ - - -	\$ 399,989 23,016	\$ 1,253,112 97,762 (4,923)	\$ 36,386 5,266 (4,858)	\$ 143,155 39,304 (2,369)	\$ - - -	\$ 1,832,642 165,348 (12,150)
Effects of foreign currency exchange differences		5,734	18,162	373	1,928		26,197
Balance at December 31, 2022	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$ 428,739</u>	<u>\$ 1,364,113</u>	<u>\$ 37,167</u>	<u>\$ 182,018</u>	<u>\$</u>	\$ 2,012,037
Carrying amounts at December 31, 2022	\$ 1,745	\$ 320,621	\$ 793,955	\$ 15,830	<u>\$ 139,468</u>	\$ 885,215	\$ 2,156,834
Cost							
Balance at January 1, 2021 Additions Disposals Effects of foreign currency exchange	\$ 1,745 - -	\$ 689,714 5,215	\$ 1,791,180 138,423 (22,674)	\$ 54,765 661 (3,195)	\$ 235,006 34,814 (2,877)	\$ - 414,551 -	\$ 2,772,410 593,664 (28,746)
differences		(5,133)	(13,301)	(308)	(1,757)	294	(20,205)
Balance at December 31, 2021	\$ 1,745	\$ 689,796	\$ 1,893,628	\$ 51,923	\$ 265,186	<u>\$ 414,845</u>	<u>\$ 3,317,123</u>
Accumulated depreciation and impairment							
Balance at January 1, 2021 Depreciation expense Disposals Effects of foreign currency exchange	\$ - - -	\$ 371,119 31,685	\$ 1,198,625 83,772 (20,251)	\$ 33,268 5,764 (2,464)	\$ 116,451 30,034 (2,525)	\$ - - -	\$ 1,719,463 151,255 (25,240)
differences	<del></del>	(2,815)	(9,034)	(182)	(805)	=	(12,836)
Balance at December 31, 2021	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$ 399,989</u>	<u>\$ 1,253,112</u>	<u>\$ 36,386</u>	<u>\$ 143,155</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$ 1,832,642</u>
Carrying amounts at December 31, 2021	<u>\$ 1,745</u>	\$ 289,807	<u>\$ 640,516</u>	<u>\$ 15,537</u>	<u>\$ 122,031</u>	<u>\$ 414,845</u>	<u>\$ 1,484,481</u>

The above items of property, plant and equipment are depreciated on a straight-line basis over the estimated useful life as follows:

Buildings	
Main buildings	20-35 years
Renovation	5-20 years
Machinery and equipment	10 years
Transportation equipment	5-10 years
Office equipment and other equipment	5-10 years

The Group did not recognize any impairment loss for the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021.

#### 15. LEASE ARRANGEMENTS

#### a. Right-of-use assets

		December 31	
		2022	2021
<u>C</u> :	arrying amount		
	and uildings	\$ 144,869 	\$ 148,109 27,091
		<u>\$ 160,168</u>	<u>\$ 175,200</u>
		For the Year End	led December 31
		2022	2021
A	dditions to right-of-use assets	<u>\$ 4,643</u>	<u>\$ 122,150</u>
D	epreciation charge for right-of-use assets  Land  Buildings	\$ 5,416 16,881	\$ 1,200 <u>16,654</u>
b. Le	ease liabilities	<u>\$ 22,297</u>	<u>\$ 17,854</u>
		Decem	ber 31
		2022	2021
<u>C</u> :	arrying amount		
Cı	urrent	<u>\$ 9,571</u>	<u>\$ 12,758</u>
N	on-current	\$ 3,636	<u>\$ 13,031</u>

Range of discount rates for lease liabilities was as follows:

	Decen	December 31	
	2022	2021	
Buildings	1.945%-4.03%	1.945%-4.608%	

#### c. Material lease-in activities and terms

The Group leases certain land and buildings for the use of plant and offices with lease terms of 1 to 44 years. The lease contract for land located in China is prepaid land use rights for 50 years. The Group does not have bargain purchase options to acquire the leasehold land and buildings at the end of the lease term. In addition, the Group is prohibited from subleasing or transferring all or any portion of the underlying asset without the lessor's consent.

#### d. Other lease information

	For the Year Ended December 31		
	2022	2021	
Expenses relating to short-term leases	<u>\$ 9,313</u>	<u>\$ 7,982</u>	
Total cash outflow for leases	<u>\$ (28,491)</u>	<u>\$ (27,044</u> )	

The Group's leases of certain office assets qualify as short-term leases. The Group has elected to apply the recognition exemption and, thus, did not recognize right-of-use assets and lease liabilities for these leases.

All lease commitments with lease terms commencing after the balance sheet dates are as follows:

	December 31		
	2022	2021	
Lease commitments	<u>\$ 2,434</u>	\$ 2,865	

#### 16. OTHER ASSETS

	December 31	
	2022	2021
Current		
Prepayments		
Prepayments to suppliers	\$ 377,965	\$ 190,198
Prepaid expense	14,934	21,191
Other prepayments	26,016	8,898
Tax allowance	43,262	4,358
	<u>\$ 462,177</u>	<u>\$ 224,645</u>
Non-current		
Prepayment for equipment	<u>\$ 369,665</u>	<u>\$ 167,107</u>

#### 17. BORROWINGS

#### a. Short-term borrowings

	December 31	
	2022	2021
<u>Unsecured borrowings</u>		
Line of credit borrowings	<u>\$ 3,537,589</u>	\$ 2,764,530

The range of weighted average effective interest rates on bank loans was 3.15%-4.10% and 3.8%-4.00% per annum as of December 31, 2022 and 2021, respectively.

#### b. Long-term borrowings

	December 31	
	2022	2021
<u>Unsecured borrowings</u>		
Line of credit borrowings Less: Current portion	\$ 1,459,318 (1,016,044)	\$ 1,062,143 (56,472)
	<u>\$ 443,274</u>	<u>\$ 1,005,671</u>

The bank's maturity date is from May 12, 2023 to June 20, 2026, and as of December 31, 2022 and 2021, the effective annual interest rate is 3.75%-4.65% and 4%-4.65%, which is adjusted on a 12-month basis, and repaid annually starting from September 2021. According to the provisions of the loan contract, the mainland subsidiary of the Group obtained a loan amount of RMB200,000 thousand in December 2021, which was only used to purchase plant and equipment.

#### 18. TRADE PAYABLE

The average credit period on purchases of certain goods was 1 month and was expected to be paid on the  $25^{th}$  of the next month. The Group has financial risk management policies in place to ensure that all payables are paid within the pre-agreed credit terms.

#### 19. OTHER LIABILITIES

	December 31	
	2022	2021
<u>Current</u>		
Other payables		
Payables for salaries or bonuses	\$ 98,284	\$ 128,355
Payables for insurance	160,269	129,925
Payables for business tax	1,356	1,911
Payables for remuneration of directors	840	840
Payables for interest	9,789	7,233
Others (commissions, professional service fees and others)	107,668	82,218
	<u>\$ 378,206</u>	<u>\$ 350,482</u>

#### 20. EQUITY

#### a. Share capital

#### Ordinary shares

	December 31		
	2022	2021	
Number of shares authorized (in thousands)	250,000	250,000	
Shares authorized	<u>\$ 2,500,000</u>	<u>\$ 2,500,000</u>	
Number of shares issued and fully paid (in thousands)	<u>201,203</u>	201,203	
Shares issued	<u>\$ 2,012,033</u>	\$ 2,012,033	

A holder of issued ordinary shares with par value of NT\$10 per share is entitled to vote and to receive dividends.

From January 2021 to December 2021, the denomination of convertible corporate bonds was NT141,700 thousand. Such convertible corporate bonds were converted to 3,203 thousand ordinary shares at the conversion price of NT\$43.11-NT\$44.8.

On March 16, 2021, the Company's board of directors resolved to issue 30,000 thousand ordinary shares with a par value of \$10, for a consideration of \$36 per share. On May 6, 2021, the above transaction was approved by the FSC, and the subscription base date was determined by the board of directors to be August 20, 2021.

#### b. Capital surplus

	December 31				
		2022		2021	
May be used to offset a deficit, distributed as cash dividends, or transferred to share capital (1)					
Issuance of ordinary shares Conversion of bonds Organization restructured	\$	993,530 129,903 703,860	\$	993,530 129,903 703,860	
May not be used for any purpose					
From share of changes in equities of subsidiaries (2)		130	_	130	
	\$	1,827,423	<u>\$</u>	1,827,423	

- 1) Such capital surplus may be used to offset a deficit; in addition, when the Company has no deficit, such capital surplus may be distributed as cash dividends or transferred to share capital (limited to a certain percentage of the Company's capital surplus and to once a year).
- 2) Such capital surplus arises from the effects of changes in ownership interests in subsidiaries resulting from equity transactions other than actual disposals or acquisitions or from changes in capital surplus of subsidiaries accounted for using the equity method.

#### c. Retained earnings and dividends policy

Under the dividends policy as set forth in the amended Articles, where the Company made a profit in a fiscal year, the profit shall be first utilized for paying taxes, offsetting losses of previous years, setting aside as a legal reserve of 10% of the remaining profit, setting aside or reversing a special reserve in accordance with the laws and regulations, and then any remaining profit together with any undistributed retained earnings shall be used by the Company's board of directors as the basis for proposing a distribution plan, which should be resolved in the shareholders' meeting for the distribution of dividends and bonuses to shareholders. For the policies on the distribution of compensation of employees and remuneration of directors and supervisors after the amendment, refer to compensation of employees and remuneration of directors in Note 22-(g).

The appropriations of earnings for 2021 and 2020 were approved in the shareholders' meetings on June 14, 2022 and July 7, 2021, respectively, were as follows:

	<b>Appropriation</b>	Appropriation of Earnings			
	For the Year End	For the Year Ended December 31			
	2021	2020			
Reserve	<u>\$ 144,315</u>	<u>\$ 49,356</u>			
Special reserve	<u>\$ (24,497)</u>	<u>\$ (47,544)</u>			
Cash dividends	<u>\$ 643,851</u>	\$ 302,400			
Cash dividends per share (NT\$)	\$ 3.2	\$ 1.78			

The appropriation of earnings for 2022 which were proposed by the Company's board of directors on March 14, 2023 were as follows:

	For the Year Ended December 31, 2022
Reserve	<u>\$ 91,122</u>
Remeasurement of special reserve	<u>\$ (124,408)</u>
Cash dividends	<u>\$ 402,407</u>
Cash dividend per share (NT\$)	\$ 2

The appropriation of earnings for 2022 are subject to the resolution of the shareholders' meeting to be held on, 2023.

#### 21. REVENUE

	For the Year Ended December 31		
	2022	2021	
Revenue			
Revenue from contracts with customers Revenue from sale of goods	\$ 15,428,409	\$ 13,235,516	

#### **Contract Balance**

	December 31, 2022	December 31, 2021	January 1, 2021
Trade receivables (Note 8)	\$ 2,551,072	\$ 2,794,075	<u>\$ 1,997,314</u>
Contract liabilities Sales of goods	<u>\$ 130,830</u>	<u>\$ 163,728</u>	<u>\$ 71,122</u>

The amount recognized as income from the contract liabilities at the beginning of the year in the current year is as follows:

	For the Year Ended December 31		
	2022	2021	
From contract liabilities at the start of the year Sale of goods	<u>\$ 163,728</u>	<u>\$ 71,122</u>	

Refer to Note 33 for information on disaggregation of revenue.

#### 22. PROFIT FOR THE YEAR

#### a. Interest income

	For the Year Ended December 31		
	2022	2021	
Bank deposits	\$ 6,016	\$ 6,993	
Financial assets at amortized cost	1,193	452	
Others	4,951	<u>3,698</u>	
	<u>\$ 12,160</u>	<u>\$ 11,143</u>	

#### b. Other income

	For the Year Ended December 31		
	2022	2021	
Income from government grants Rental income Others	\$ 30,650 - 5,443	\$ 1,515 427 3,485	
	<u>\$ 36,093</u>	<u>\$ 5,427</u>	

# c. Other gains and losses

		For the Year End 2022	led December 31 2021
	Net foreign exchange gains (losses) Loss on disposal of property, plant and equipment (Loss) gain on fair value changes of financial assets designated	\$ 70,518 (321)	\$ (59,956) (1,081)
	as at FVTPL Others	(11,780) (6,157)	4,385 (3,794)
		<u>\$ 52,260</u>	<u>\$ (60,446</u> )
d.	Finance costs		
		For the Year End	
		2022	2021
	Interest on bank loans	\$ (162,146)	\$ (138,055)
	Interest on lease liabilities Interest on convertible bonds	(777)	(1,207)
	interest on convertible bonds	<del>_</del>	(1,912)
		<u>\$ (162,923)</u>	<u>\$ (141,174</u> )
	Information about capitalized interest was as follows:		
		For the Year End	led December 31
		2022	2021
	Capitalized interest Capitalization rate	\$ 16,861 4.15%	\$ 2,751 3.86%
e.	Depreciation and amortization		
		For the Year End	led December 31
		2022	2021
	An analysis of depreciation by function		
	Operating cost	\$ 101,816	\$ 90,126
	Operating expense	85,829	78,983
		<u>\$ 187,645</u>	<u>\$ 169,109</u>
	An analysis of amortization by function		
	Operating cost	\$ -	\$ -
	Operating expense	<u>6,755</u>	5,770
		<u>\$ 6,755</u>	<u>\$ 5,770</u>

#### f. Employee benefits expense

	For the Year Ended December 31		
	2022	2021	
Post-employment benefits			
Defined contribution plans	\$ 770	\$ 731	
Other employee benefits	706,679	643,102	
	<u>\$ 707,449</u>	\$ 643,833	
An analysis of employee benefits expense by function			
Operating cost	\$ 449,783	\$ 409,048	
Operating expense	257,666	234,785	
	<u>\$ 707,449</u>	<u>\$ 643,833</u>	

#### g. Compensation of employees and remuneration of directors

According to the Articles of Incorporation of the Company, the Company accrued compensation of employees and remuneration of directors at rates of no less than 0% and no higher than 5%, respectively, of net profit before income tax, compensation of employees and remuneration of directors. The compensation of employees and the remuneration of directors for the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021, which were approved by the Company's board of directors on March 14, 2023 and March 16, 2022, respectively, are as follows:

#### Accrual rate

	For the Year Ended December 31		
	2022	2021	
Compensation of employees	-	0.04%	
Remuneration of directors	0.07%	0.06%	
Amount			
	For the Year En	ded December 31	
	2022	2021	
	Cash	Cash	
Compensation of employees	\$ -	\$ -	
Remuneration of directors	840	840	

If there is a change in the amounts after the annual consolidated financial statements are authorized for issue, the differences are recorded as a change in the accounting estimate.

There is no difference between the actual amounts of compensation of employees and remuneration of directors paid and the amounts recognized in the consolidated financial statements for the years ended December 31, 2021 and 2020.

Information on the compensation of employees and remuneration of directors resolved by the Company's board of directors is available at the Market Observation Post System website of the Taiwan Stock Exchange.

#### h. Gains or losses on foreign currency exchange

	For the Year Ended December 31		
	2022	2021	
Foreign exchange gains Foreign exchange losses	\$ 97,255 (26,737)	\$ 5,133 (65,089)	
	<u>\$ 70,518</u>	<u>\$ (59,956</u> )	

#### 23. INCOME TAXES

a. Income tax recognized in profit or loss

Major components of income tax expense are as follows:

	For the Year Ended December 31		
	2022	2021	
Current tax			
In respect of the current period	\$ 124,402	\$ 214,552	
Income tax on unappropriated earnings	868	280	
Adjustments for prior periods	9,700	<u>(4,585</u> )	
	134,970	210,247	
Deferred tax			
In respect of the current period	73,557	134,487	
Income tax expense recognized in profit or loss	\$ 208,527	<u>\$ 344,734</u>	

A reconciliation of accounting profit and income tax expense is as follows:

	For the Year Ended December 31			ecember 31
		2022		2021
Profit before tax	<u>\$</u>	1,122,957	<u>\$</u>	<u>1,792,646</u>
Income tax expense calculated at the statutory rate (15%)	\$	168,443	\$	268,897
Deductible gains in determining taxable income		(46,638)		(37,691)
Income tax on unappropriated earnings		868		280
Deferred tax effect of earnings of subsidiaries		79,284		130,627
Unrecognized deductible temporary differences		842		565
Effects of different tax rates of entities in the Group operating in				
other jurisdictions		(3,972)		(13,359)
Adjustments for prior years' tax	_	9,700		(4,585)
Income tax expense recognized in profit or loss	\$	208,527	\$	344,734

- 1) The applicable tax rate used by Tong Ming Enterprise Co., Ltd. in China is 15% from 2020 to 2022, due to their status as holders of high-tech enterprise certificates.
- 2) The applicable tax rate used by Tong He Enterprise (Zhejiang) Co., Ltd. and Shenzhen Easy Fasteners Co., Ltd. in China is 25%.
- 3) In 2022, the applicable corporate income tax rate used by the Group in the ROC is 20%.

#### b. Current tax assets and liabilities

	For the Year Ended December 31		
	2022	2021	
Current tax assets Tax refund receivable	<u>\$ 45,623</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	
Current tax liabilities Income tax payable	<u>\$ 11,946</u>	<u>\$ 124,404</u>	

#### c. Deferred tax assets and liabilities

The movements of deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities are as follows:

# For the year ended December 31, 2022

<b>Deferred Tax Assets</b>	Opening Balance	Recognized in Profit or Loss	Exchange Differences	Closing Balance
Temporary differences Accrued insurance Unrealized loss on Inventory Expected credit loss Temporary differences on sales Other	\$ 19,472 1,548 471 1,144 3,839	\$ 4,217 1,843 504 110 992	\$ 209 (11) (2) (2) (2) 38	\$ 23,898 3,380 973 1,252 4,869
Deferred Tax Liabilities	\$ 26,474 Opening Balance	\$\frac{7,666}{}\$  Recognized in Profit or Loss	\$ 232 Exchange Differences	\$ 34,372 Closing Balance
Temporary differences Unappropriated earnings of subsidiaries Associates Interest capitalized Unrealized expense Others	\$ (325,290) (13,854) (2,606) (1,002) (837)	\$ (79,284) (3,379) 241 442 	\$ (4,496) (142) (43) (23) (27)	\$ (409,070) (17,375) (2,408) (583) (107)
	<u>\$ (343,589</u> )	<u>\$ (81,223)</u>	<u>\$ (4,731)</u>	\$ (429,5

#### For the year ended December 31, 2021

Deferred Tax Assets	Opening Balance	Recognized in Profit or Loss	Exchange Differences	Closing Balance
Temporary differences Accrued insurance Unrealized loss on Inventory Expected credit loss Temporary differences on sales Other	\$ 17,545 5,472 895 473 2,952	\$ 2,174 (4,099) (441) 711 959	\$ (247) 175 17 (40) (72)	\$ 19,472 1,548 471 1,144 3,839
Deferred Tax Liabilities	\$ 27,337 Opening Balance	\$ (696)  Recognized in Profit or Loss	\$ (167) Exchange Differences	\$ 26,474 Closing Balance
Temporary differences Unappropriated earnings of subsidiaries Associates Interest capitalized Unrealized expense Others	\$ (195,673) (11,315) (2,861) (1,142) (84)	\$ (130,627) (2,771) 246 139 (778)	\$ 1,010 232 9 1 25	\$ (325,290) (13,854) (2,606) (1,002) (837)
	\$ (211,075)	\$ (133,791)	\$ 1,277	\$ (343,589)

#### d. Income tax examination

- 1) The income tax returns through 2020 of Winlink Fasteners Co., Ltd. have been assessed by the tax authorities in the ROC. The companies in other jurisdictions have been examined according to their local laws.
- 2) Tong Group Limited and China Rich International Holding Limited used 10% of China's statutory tax rate of earnings remittance to estimate the subsidiaries' remittance tax of earning in China.

#### 24. EARNINGS PER SHARE

**Unit: NT\$ Per Share** 

	For the Year Ended December 31		
	2022	2021	
Basic earnings per share From continuing operations	<u>\$ 4.53</u>	<u>\$ 8.00</u>	
Diluted earnings per share From continuing operations	<u>\$ 4.53</u>	<u>\$ 7.77</u>	

The earnings and weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding used in the computation of earnings per share from continuing operations are as follows:

#### Net Profit for the Year

	For the Year Ended December 31		
		2022	2021
Earnings used in the computation of basic earnings per share Effects of potentially dilutive ordinary shares	\$	911,223	\$ 1,443,154
Interest on convertible bonds (after tax)		<u>-</u>	1,912
Earnings used in the computation of diluted earnings per share	\$	911,223	\$ 1,445,066

The weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding (in thousand shares) is as follows:

	For the Year Ended December 31		
	2022	2021	
Weighted average number of ordinary shares used in the			
computation of basic earnings per share	201,203	180,399	
Effects of potentially dilutive ordinary shares			
Convertible bonds		5,595	
Weighted average number of ordinary shares used in the			
computation of diluted earnings per share	<u>201,203</u>	<u>185,994</u>	

The Group may settle compensation or bonuses paid to employees in cash or shares; therefore, the Group assumes that the entire amount of the compensation or bonuses will be settled in shares, and the resulting potential shares are included in the weighted average number of shares outstanding used in the computation of diluted earnings per share, as the effect is dilutive. Such dilutive effect of the potential shares is included in the computation of diluted earnings per share until the number of shares to be distributed to employees is resolved in the following year.

#### 25. CASH FLOW ACTIVITY

For the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021, the Group entered into the following non-cash investing and financing activities which were not reflected in the consolidated statements of cash flows:

#### a. Non-cash transaction

- 1) The Group reclassified prepayment for equipment with an aggregated value of \$111,337 thousand as property, plant and equipment in 2022 (refer to Note 14).
- 2) In 2022, the Group acquired property, plant and equipment of \$708,714 thousand, with a cash payment of \$704,858 thousand and an offset of \$3,856 thousand was increased from other payables (refer to Note 14).
- 3) In 2021, The Group acquired property, plant and equipment of \$593,664 thousand, with a cash payment of \$595,812 thousand and an offset of \$2,148 thousand was reduced from other payables (refer to Note 14).

#### b. Changes in liabilities arising from financing activities

#### For the year ended December 31, 2022

	Operating		Non-cash	Changes	
	Balance	Cash Flows	Acquisition	Others	<b>Closing Balance</b>
Short-term borrowings Long-term borrowings	\$ 2,764,530 1,062,143	\$ 773,059 397,175	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 3,537,589 1,459,318
Lease liabilities	25,789	(18,401)	4,643	1,176	13,207
	<u>\$ 3,852,462</u>	<u>\$ 1,151,833</u>	<u>\$ 4,643</u>	<u>\$ 1,176</u>	\$ 5,010,114

#### For the year ended December 31, 2021

	Operating		Non-casl	n Changes	
	Balance	Cash Flows	Acquisition	Others	<b>Closing Balance</b>
Short-term borrowings	\$ 2,199,443	\$ 565,087	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 2,764,530
Long-term borrowings	1,181,791	(119,648)	-	-	1,062,143
Bonds payable	398,061	(258,300)	-	(139,761)	-
Lease liabilities	38,630	(17,855)	3,953	1,061	25,789
	<u>\$ 3,817,925</u>	<u>\$ 169,284</u>	\$ 3,953	\$ (138,700)	\$ 3,852,462

#### 26. CAPITAL MANAGEMENT

The Group manages its capital to ensure that entities in the Group will be able to continue as going concerns while maximizing the return to stakeholders through the optimization of the debt and equity balance.

The capital structure of the Group consists of net debt (borrowings offset by cash and cash equivalents) and equity of the Group (comprising issued capital, reserves, retained earnings, other equity and non-controlling interests).

The Group is not subject to any externally imposed capital requirements.

Key management personnel of the Group review the capital structure on a annual basis. As part of this review, the key management personnel consider the cost of capital and the risks associated with each class of capital. Based on recommendations of the key management personnel, in order to balance the overall capital structure, the Group may adjust the amount of dividends paid to shareholders, the number of new shares issued or repurchased, and/or the amount of new debt issued or existing debt redeemed.

#### 27. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

a. Fair value of financial instruments not measured at fair value

The management of the Group considers the carrying amounts of financial assets and financial liabilities recognized in the consolidated financial statements to be approximate amounts of their fair values.

## b. Fair value of financial instruments measured at fair value on a recurring basis

## 1) Fair value hierarchy

## December 31, 2022

	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Financial assets at FVTOCI Investments in equity instruments Unlisted shares	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 99,502</u>	<u>\$ 99,502</u>
Financial assets at FVTPL Non-principal structured deposits	<u>\$</u> _	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$ 242,440</u>	<u>\$ 242,440</u>
Financial liabilities at FVTPL Derivative Forward exchange contracts	\$ -	\$ 428	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 428</u>
December 31, 2021				
<u> </u>				
5000moor 51, 2021	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Financial assets at FVTOCI Investments in equity instruments Unlisted shares	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3 \$ 42,000	<b>Total</b> \$ 42,000
Financial assets at FVTOCI Investments in equity instruments Unlisted shares  Financial assets at FVTPL Non-principal structured deposits	_,,,,,	20,67		
Financial assets at FVTOCI Investments in equity instruments Unlisted shares Financial assets at FVTPL	<u>\$ -</u>	\$ <u>-</u>	\$ 42,000	<u>\$ 42,000</u>

There were no transfers between Levels 1 and 2 in the current and prior periods.

## 2) Reconciliation of Level 3 fair value measurements of financial instruments

## For the year ended December 31, 2022

		Financial Assets at FVTOCI		Financial Assets at FVTPL	
Financial Assets		Equity truments		inancial Product	
Balance at January 1, 2022 Purchases Sales/settlements Recognized in profit or loss (included in other gains and	\$	42,000 57,502		304,080 1,038,868 1,119,071)	
losses) Effects of exchange rates		-		14,303 4,260	
Balance at December 31, 2022	\$	<u>99,502</u>	\$	242,440	

#### For the year ended December 31, 2021

		al Assets TOCI		icial Assets FVTPL
Financial Assets	-	uity ıments		nancial roduct
Balance at January 1, 2021	\$	-	\$	262,620
Purchases		42,000	1	,257,733
Sales/settlements		-	(1	,217,737)
Recognized in profit or loss (included in other gains and				
losses)		-		4,832
Effects of exchange rates				(3,368)
Balance at December 31, 2021	\$	42,000	\$	304,080

3) Valuation techniques and inputs applied for Level 3 fair value measurement

The fair values of financial instruments at FVTPL are determined by net asset value method.

#### c. Categories of financial instruments

	December 31		
	2022	2021	
<u>Financial assets</u>			
Financial assets at FVTPL			
Mandatorily classified as at FVTPL	\$ 242,440	\$ 309,855	
Financial assets at amortized cost (1)	4,266,496	4,735,409	
Financial assets at FVTOCI			
Debt instruments	5,637	8,261	
Equity instruments	99,502	42,000	
Financial liabilities			
Financial liabilities at FVTPL			
Held for trading	428	-	
Financial liabilities at amortized cost (2)	5,879,311	4,558,645	

- 1) The balances include financial assets at amortized cost, which comprise cash and cash equivalents, debt investments, and notes receivable, accounts receivable and other receivables.
- 2) The balances include financial liabilities at amortized cost, which comprise short-term loans, short-term bills payable, trade payables and other payables, long-term loans payable current portion, and long-term borrowings.

#### d. Financial risk management objectives and policies

The Group's major financial instruments include equity and debt investments, notes receivables and accounts receivable, accounts payable, borrowings and bonds payable. The Group's corporate treasury function provides services to the business, coordinates access to domestic and international financial markets, monitors and manages the financial risks relating to the operations of the Group through internal risk reports that analyze exposures by degree and magnitude of risks. These risks include market risk (including foreign currency risk, interest rate risk and other price risk), credit risk and liquidity risk.

The Group seeks to minimize the effects of these risks by using derivative financial instruments to hedge risk exposures. The use of financial derivatives is governed by the Group's policies approved by the board of directors, which provided written principles on foreign currency risk, interest rate risk, credit risk, the use of financial derivatives and non-derivative financial instruments, and the investment of excess liquidity. Compliance with policies and exposure limits is reviewed by the internal auditors on a continuous basis. The Group did not enter into or trade financial instruments, including derivative financial instruments, for speculative purposes.

#### 1) Market risk

The Group's activities exposed it primarily to the financial risks of changes in foreign currency exchange rates (see (a) below) and interest rates (see (b) below). The Group entered into a variety of derivative financial instruments to manage its exposure to foreign currency risk and interest rate risk, including: Foreign exchange forward contracts to hedge the exchange rate risk arising on the export of products.

There has been no change to the Group's exposure to market risks or the manner in which these risks are managed and measured.

#### a) Foreign currency risk

Several subsidiaries of the Group have foreign currency sales and purchases, which expose the Group to foreign currency risk. Approximately 22% of the Group's sales is denominated in currencies other than the functional currency of the Group making the sale, whilst almost 14% of costs is denominated in the Group's functional currency. Exchange rate exposures are managed within approved policy parameters utilizing foreign exchange forward contracts.

The carrying amounts of the Group's foreign currency denominated monetary assets and monetary liabilities (including those eliminated on consolidation) and of the derivatives exposed to foreign currency risk at the end of the reporting period are set out in Note 31.

#### Sensitivity analysis

The Group is mainly exposed to the U.S. dollar.

The following table details the Group's sensitivity to a 1% increase and decrease in the New Taiwan dollar (i.e., the functional currency) against the relevant foreign currencies. The sensitivity rate used when reporting foreign currency risk internally to key management personnel and representing management's assessment of the reasonably possible change in foreign exchange rates is 1%. The sensitivity analysis included only outstanding foreign currency denominated monetary items, and adjusts their translation at the end of the reporting period for a 1% change in foreign currency rates. A positive number below indicates an increase in pre-tax profit and other equity associated with the New Taiwan dollar strengthening 1% against the relevant currency. For a 1% weakening of the New Taiwan dollar against the relevant currency, there would be an equal and opposite impact on pre-tax profit and other equity, and the balances below would be negative.

	Impa	act on Profit
	For the Year	<b>Ended December 31</b>
	2022	2021
USD	\$ 5,917	\$ 6,453

This was mainly attributable to the exposure outstanding on U.S. dollar Bank deposits, receivables and payables, which were not hedged at the end of the reporting period.

#### b) Interest rate risk

The Group is exposed to interest rate risk because entities in the Group borrow funds at both fixed and floating interest rates. The risk is managed by the Group by maintaining an appropriate mix of fixed and floating rate borrowings. Hedging activities are evaluated regularly to align with interest rate views and defined risk appetite ensuring the most cost-effective hedging strategies are applied.

The carrying amounts of the Group's financial assets and financial liabilities with exposure to interest rates at the end of the reporting period were as follows:

	December 31		
	2022	2021	
Fair value interest rate risk Financial liabilities	\$ 13.2	07 \$ 25,789	
Cash flow interest rate risk	- 7	, ,,,,,,	
Financial assets	1,675,4	1,867,409	
Financial liabilities	4,996,9	3,826,673	

#### Sensitivity analysis

The sensitivity analysis below was determined based on the Group's exposure to interest rates for non-derivative instruments at the end of the reporting period. For floating rate liabilities, the analysis was prepared assuming the amount of each liability outstanding at the end of the reporting period was outstanding for the whole year. The 1% increase or decrease is used when reporting interest rate risk internally to key management personnel and represents management's assessment of the reasonably possible change in interest rates.

If interest rates had been 1% higher and all other variables were held constant, the Group's pre-tax profit for the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021 would have decreased by \$33,214 thousand and \$19,593 thousand, respectively, which was mainly attributable to the Group's exposure to interest rates on its variable-rate bank borrowings.

#### 2) Credit risk

Credit risk refers to the risk that the counterparty will default on its contractual obligations resulting in financial loss to the Group. As at the end of the reporting period, the Group's maximum exposure to credit risk, which would cause a financial loss to the Group due to the failure of the counterparty to discharge its obligation and due to the financial guarantees provided by the Group, arose from the carrying amount of the respective recognized financial assets as stated in the balance sheets.

The Group defines counterparties as having similar characteristics if they are related entities. Concentration of credit risk to any other counterparty did not exceed 5% of gross monetary assets at any time during 2022 and 2021.

The Group's concentration of credit risk by geographical locations was mainly in mainland China, which accounted for 97% and 97% of total trade receivables as of December 31, 2022 and 2021, respectively.

The Group transacts with a large number of unrelated customers and, thus, no concentration of credit risk was observed.

#### 3) Liquidity risk

The Group manages liquidity risk by monitoring and maintaining a level of cash and cash equivalents deemed adequate to finance the Group's operations and mitigate the effects of fluctuations in cash flows. In addition, management monitors the utilization of bank borrowings and ensures compliance with loan covenants.

The Group relies on bank borrowings as a significant source of liquidity. As of December 31, 2022 and 2021, the Group had available unutilized short-term bank loan facilities set out in (b) below.

#### a) Liquidity and interest rate risk tables for non-derivative financial liabilities

The following table details the Group's remaining contractual maturity for its non-derivative financial liabilities with agreed upon repayment periods. The table has been drawn up based on the undiscounted cash flows of financial liabilities from the earliest date on which the Group can be required to pay. The table included both interest and principal cash flows. Specifically, bank loans with a repayment on demand clause were included in the earliest time band regardless of the probability of the banks choosing to exercise their rights. The maturity dates for other non-derivative financial liabilities were based on the agreed upon repayment dates.

To the extent that interest flows are at floating rates, the undiscounted amount was derived from the interest rate curve at the end of the reporting period.

#### December 31, 2022

	Weighted Average	On Demand				
	Effective Interest Rate	or Less than 1 Month	1-3 Months	3 Months to 1 Year	1-5 Years	5+ Years
Non-interest bearing Lease liabilities Variable interest rate liabilities	1.945%-4.03% 3.95%-4.65%	\$ 3,023 1,478	\$ 833,622 2,955 <u>797,609</u>	\$ 160,252 6,924 4,243,917	\$ - 4,326 <u>482,878</u>	\$ - - -
		<u>\$ 4,501</u>	<u>\$ 1,634,186</u>	<u>\$ 4,411,093</u>	<u>\$ 487,204</u>	<u>\$</u>
Additional informat	ion on the ma	aturity analys	is for lease li	<u>abilities</u>		
	Less than 1 Year	1-5 Years	5-10 Years	10-15 Years	15-20 Years	20+ Years
Lease liabilities	<u>\$ 11,357</u>	<u>\$ 4,326</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$</u>
<u>December 31, 2021</u>						
	Weighted Average Effective Interest Rate	On Demand or Less than 1 Month	1-3 Months	3 Months to 1 Year	1-5 Years	5+ Years
Non-interest bearing Lease liabilities	1.94503%-	\$ 5,667 1,439	\$ 596,380 2,842	\$ 129,925 10,788	\$ - 13,324	\$ - -
Variable interest rate liabilities	4.608% 3.8%-4.65%		320,401	2,601,853	_1,051,834	
nammes		<u>\$ 7,106</u>	<u>\$ 919,623</u>	<u>\$ 2,742,566</u>	<u>\$ 1,065,158</u>	<u>\$</u> _
Additional informat	ion on the ma	aturity analys	is for lease li	abilities		
	Less than 1 Year	1-5 Years	5-10 Years	10-15 Years	15-20 Years	20+ Years
Lease liabilities	<u>\$ 15,069</u>	<u>\$ 13,324</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$</u>

#### b) Financing facilities

	December 31			
	2022	2021		
Unsecured bank overdraft facilities, reviewed annually and payable on demand:  Amount used  Amount unused	\$ 4,996,907 	\$ 3,826,673 		
	\$ 9,714,788	<u>\$ 7,138,824</u>		
Secured bank overdraft facilities, received annually Amount used Amount unused	\$ - <u>906,916</u>	\$ - <u>916,739</u>		
	<u>\$ 906,916</u>	<u>\$ 916,739</u>		

#### c. Transfers of financial assets

Factored trade receivables for the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021 were as follows:

Counterparties	Receivables Sold	Amounts Collected	Amounts Uncollected Year End	Advances Received Year End	Interest Rates on Advances Received (%)	Credit Line
<u>2022</u>						
CTBC Bank Co., Ltd.	\$ 33,996 (US\$ 1,106,989)	\$ 29.767 (US\$ 969,286)	\$ 4,229 (US\$ 137,703)	<u>\$ -</u>	-	US\$ 1,000,000
<u>2021</u>						
CTBC Bank Co., Ltd.	\$ 27,401 (US\$ 989,928)	\$ 19,140 (US\$ 691,484)	\$ 8,261 (US\$ 298,444)	<u>\$</u>	-	US\$ 1,000,000

The above credit lines may be used on a revolving basis.

Pursuant to the Group's factoring agreements, losses from commercial disputes (such as sales returns and discounts) are borne by the Group, while losses from credit risk are borne by the banks.

As of December 31, 2022 and 2021, the carrying amount of these trade receivables that have been transferred but not derecognized was \$4,229 thousand and \$8,261 thousand, respectively.

For the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021, the Group transferred a portion of its banker's acceptance bills in mainland China to some of its suppliers in order to settle the trade payables to these suppliers. As the Group has transferred substantially all risks and rewards relating to these bills receivable, it derecognized the full carrying amount of the bills receivable and the associated trade payables. However, if the derecognized bills receivable are not paid at maturity, the suppliers have the right to request that the Group pay the unsettled balance; therefore, the Group still has continuing involvement in these bills receivable.

As of December 31, 2022 and 2021, the carrying amount of these banker's acceptance bills that have been transferred but not derecognized was \$99,426 thousand and \$143,826 thousand, respectively.

#### 28. TRANSACTIONS WITH RELATED PARTIES

Balances and transactions between the Company and its subsidiaries, which are related parties of the Group, have been eliminated on consolidation and are not disclosed in this note. Besides information disclosed elsewhere in the other notes, details of transactions between the Group and other related parties are disclosed as follows.

### a. Related party name and category

Related Party Name	Related Party Category
Tong Heer Fasteners Co., Sdn Bhd.	Other related party
Tong Heer Fasteners (Thailand) Co., Ltd.	Other related party
Apex Glory Limited	Other related party
A-Land International Limited	Other related party
Go Link Limited	Other related party
Tong Hwei Co., Ltd.	Other related party
Tong Yi Qin (Shanghai) Co., Ltd.	Associate
Tong You Co., Ltd. (Jiaxing)	Associate
Jiaxing Chun You Co., Ltd. (Jiaxing)	Associate
Jiaxing Famous Hotel Management Co., Ltd.	Other related party
Tsai, Ching-Tung	Key management personnel
Tsai, Hung-Chuan	Key management personnel
Brighton-Best International (Taiwan) Inc.	Related party in substance
kenji Tsukada	Other related party

#### b. Sales of goods

		For the Year Ended December 31				
Line Item Sales	Related Party Category/Name	2022		2021		
	Associate	\$	108,007	\$	94,019	
	Other related parties		90,730		74,736	
	Related party in substance					
	<b>Brighton-Best International</b>		2,091,800	1	1,300,698	
	(Taiwan) Inc.					
		\$	2.290.537	<b>\$</b> 1	1.469.453	
			<del></del>		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	

The sales prices and payment terms to related parties were not significantly different from those of sales to third parties.

## c. Purchases of goods

	For the Year Ended December 31				
Related Party Category/Name  Associate Other related parties Tong Heer Fasteners (Thailand) Co., Ltd. Tong Heer Fasteners Co., Sdn Bhd.	2022	2021			
	\$ 20,214	\$ 16,351			
Tong Heer Fasteners (Thailand) Co., Ltd.	1,202,720 243,403	813,954 56,558			
	\$ 1,446,123	\$ 886,863			

The sales prices and payment terms to related parties were not significantly different from those of purchased from third parties.

# d. Manufacturing overhead - material consumption

		For the Year Ended December 31				
Line Item	Related Party Category/Name	2022	2021			
Manufacturing overhead - material consumption	Associate	\$ 40,843	\$ 31,577			

e. Receivables from related parties (excluding loans to related parties and contract assets)

		Decen	iber 31
Line Item	Related Party Category/Name	2022	2021
Notes receivable	Associate	<u>\$ 4,155</u>	<u>\$ 14,032</u>
Accounts receivable	Associate Other related parties Related party in substance	\$ 25,387 6,936 27,239	\$ 35,628 9,431 36,438
		\$ 59,562	<u>\$ 81,497</u>

#### f. Other receivables

	_	Decem	iber 31
Line Item	Related Party Category/Name	2022	2021
Other receivables	Other related parties	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$ 92</u>

# g. Prepayments

	_	Decem	er 31	
Line Item	Related Party Category/Name	2022	2021	
Prepayments	Other related parties	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$ 6,091</u>	

h. Payables to related parties (excluding loans from related parties)

			-				
Line Item	Related Party Category/Name	2022		2022		2021	
Accounts payable	Associate Other related parties	\$	4,788 4,989	\$	6,054 25,500		
		\$	9,777	\$	31,554		

# i. Other payables

			December 31			
Line Item	Related Party Category/Name	2	2022	20	21	
Other payables	Related party in substance Other related parties Key management personnel	\$	387 5 2	\$	- - -	
		\$	394	\$	<u>-</u>	

#### j. Lease arrangements

		December 31						
Line Item	Related Party Category/Name	2022	2021					
Lease liabilities	Key management personnel	<u>\$ 409</u>	<u>\$</u>					
		For the Year En	ded December 31					
Line Item	Related Party Category/Name	2022	2021					
Interest expense	Key management personnel	<u>\$ 21</u>	<u>\$ 5</u>					

The Group leased office from related parties. The lease terms and prices were both determined in accordance with mutual agreements. The rental expense were paid to related parties per annum.

#### k. Others

		For the Year Ended December 3							
Line Item Related Party Category/Nar		2022	2021						
Non-operating income - rental income	Associate	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$ 428</u>						
Other income	Other related parties	<u>\$ 142</u>	<u>\$ 14</u>						
Other expense	Other related parties	<u>\$ 5,856</u>	<u>\$ 3,797</u>						

The Group provide equipment and office to associate. The lease terms and prices were both determined in accordance with mated agreements. The rental expense was paid to associated per mensem and annum.

#### 1. Endorsements and guarantees

#### Endorsements given by related parties

	December 31					
Related Party Category/Name	2022	2021				
Key management personnel Amount endorsed	\$ 906,619	\$ 916,739				

#### m. Compensation of key management personnel

	For the Year Ended December 31							
	2022	2021						
Short-term employee benefits	<u>\$ 23,924</u>	\$ 20,383						

The remuneration of directors and key executives was determined by the remuneration committee based on the performance of individuals and market trends.

#### 29. ASSETS PLEDGED AS COLLATERAL OR FOR SECURITY

None of assets was provided as collateral for bank borrowings, issuing the letters of credit and other contracts as of December 31, 2022 and 2021.

#### 30. SIGNIFICANT CONTINGENT LIABILITIES AND UNRECOGNIZED COMMITMENTS

Unrecognized commitments were as follows:

	December 31					
	2022	2021				
Acquisition of property, plant and equipment	<u>\$ 273,524</u>	<u>\$ 438,406</u>				

#### 31. SIGNIFICANT ASSETS AND LIABILITIES DENOMINATED IN FOREIGN CURRENCIES

The Group's significant financial assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies aggregated by the foreign currencies other than functional currencies and the related exchange rates between foreign currencies and respective functional currencies were as follows:

## December 31, 2022

	Foreign Currency	Exchange Rate	Carrying Amount
Financial assets			
Monetary items USD EUR JPY	\$ 19,330 717 102,386	6.9646 (USD:RMB) 7.4229 (EUR:RMB) 0.0076 (JPY:USD)	\$ 593,428 23,464 23,794
Financial liabilities			
Monetary items USD	58	6.9646 (USD:RMB)	1,778
<u>December 31, 2021</u>			
	Foreign Currency	Exchange Rate	Carrying Amount
<u>Financial assets</u>	_	Exchange Rate	• •
Financial assets  Monetary items USD EUR	_	Exchange Rate  6.3757 (USD:RMB) 7.2099 (EUR:RMB)	• •
Monetary items USD	<b>Currency</b> \$ 23,408	6.3757 (USD:RMB)	<b>Amount</b> \$ 648,304

For the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021, realized and unrealized net foreign exchange gains were \$70,518 thousand and net foreign exchange losses were \$59,956 thousand, respectively. It is impractical to disclose net foreign exchange gains (losses) by each significant foreign currency due to the variety of the foreign currency transactions and functional currencies of the Group.

#### 32. SEPARATELY DISCLOSED ITEMS

- a. Information on significant transactions and investees:
  - 1) Financing provided to others (Table 1)
  - 2) Endorsements/guarantees provided (Table 2)
  - 3) Marketable securities held (excluding investments in subsidiaries, associates and joint ventures) (Table 3)
  - 4) Marketable securities acquired and disposed of at costs or prices of at least NT\$300 million or 20% of the paid-in capital (Table 4)
  - 5) Acquisition of individual real estate at costs of at least NT\$300 million or 20% of the paid-in capital (None)
  - 6) Disposal of individual real estate at prices of at least NT\$300 million or 20% of the paid-in capital (None)
  - 7) Total purchases from or sales to related parties amounting to at least NT\$100 million or 20% of the paid-in capital (Table 5)
  - 8) Receivables from related parties amounting to at least NT\$100 million or 20% of the paid-in capital (Table 6)
  - 9) Trading in derivative instruments (Note 7)
  - 10) Intercompany relationships and significant intercompany transactions (Table 7)
- b. Information on investees: (Table 8)
- c. Information on investments in mainland China
  - 1) Information on any investee company in mainland China, showing the name, principal business activities, paid-in capital, method of investment, inward and outward remittance of funds, ownership percentage, net income of investees, investment income or loss, carrying amount of the investment at the end of the period, repatriations of investment income, and limit on the amount of investment in the mainland China area (Table 9)
  - 2) Any of the following significant transactions with investee companies in mainland China, either directly or indirectly through a third party, and their prices, payment terms, and unrealized gains or losses (Table 7):
    - a) The amount and percentage of purchases and the balance and percentage of the related payables at the end of the period
    - b) The amount and percentage of sales and the balance and percentage of the related receivables at the end of the period

- c) The amount of property transactions and the amount of the resultant gains or losses
- d) The balance of negotiable instrument endorsements or guarantees or pledges of collateral at the end of the period and the purposes
- e) The highest balance, the end of period balance, the interest rate range, and total current period interest with respect to financing of funds (Table 1)
- f) Other transactions that have a material effect on the profit or loss for the year or on the financial position, such as the rendering or receipt of services
- d. Information of major shareholders: List all shareholders with ownership of 5% or greater showing the name of the shareholder, the number of shares owned, and percentage of ownership of each shareholder (Table 10)

#### 33. SEGMENT INFORMATION

Information reported to the chief operating decision maker for the purpose of resource allocation and assessment of segment performance focuses on the types of goods or services delivered or provided. The Group's principal geographical areas is China.

a. Revenue from major products and services

The following is an analysis of the Group's revenue from continuing operations from its major products and services.

	For the Year	For the Year Ended December 31							
	2022	2021							
Fasteners Wire Others	\$ 8,916,0 2,525,8 3,986,4	65 2,406,200							
	<u>\$ 15,428,4</u>	<u>\$ 13,235,516</u>							

#### b. Geographical information

	For t	he Year En	ded D	ecember 31
		2022		2021
China America Asia Others		9,773,196 2,568,240 1,974,369 1,112,604	\$	8,937,756 1,992,287 1,174,199 1,131,274
	<u>\$ 1</u>	<u>5,428,409</u>	<u>\$</u>	13,235,516

# c. Information on major customers

Single customers contributing 10% or more to the Group's revenue were as follows:

	For the Year End	ded December 31
	2022	2021
Brighton-Best International (Taiwan) Inc.	\$ 2,091,800	\$ 1,300,698

FINANCING PROVIDED TO OTHERS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022 (In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars, Unless Stated Otherwise)

No.			Financial	Related	Highest Palance		Actual	Interest Rate	Nature of	Business		Allowance for	Colla	ateral	Financing Limit	Aggregate	
(Note 1)	Lender	Borrower	Statement Account	Party	Highest Balance for the Period	<b>Ending Balance</b>	Borrowing Amount	(%)	Financing (Note 2)	Transaction Amount	Short-term Financing	Impairment Loss	Item	Value	for Each Borrower	Aggregate Financing Limit	Note
0	Tong Ming Enterprise Co., Ltd. (Cayman)	Tong Ming Enterprise (Zhejiang) Co., Ltd.	Other receivables - related party	Yes	\$ 450,600	\$ -	\$ -	-	2	\$ -	8	\$ -	None	\$ -	\$ 2,765,039	\$ 2,765,039	
1	Tong Ming Enterprise	Fan Yi Enterprise Co., Ltd.	Other receivables	No	2,645	2,645	-	4.35	1	26,720	Operational turnover	-	None	-	2,645	2,765,039	
	(Zhejiang) Co., Ltd.	(Guangzhou) He Xu Enterprise Co., Ltd. (Huizhou)	Other receivables	No	2,204	2,204	1,285	4.35	1	21,797	-	-	None	-	2,204	2,765,039	
		Jian Yue Enterprise Co., Ltd. (Shenzhen)	Other receivables	No	2,645	2,645	1,872	4.35	1	19,507	-	-	None	-	2,645	2,765,039	
		Fan Yi Enterprise Co., Ltd. (Shenzhen)	Other receivables	No	2,468	2,468	-	4.35	1	25,838	-	-	None	-	2,468	2,765,039	
		Dong Xin Enterprise Co., Ltd. (Shenzhen)	Other receivables	No	4,408	4,408	4,408	4.35	1	71,850	-	-	None	-	4,408	2,765,039	1
		Dong Gu Enterprise Co., Ltd. (Dongguan)	Other receivables	No	1,058	1,058	-	4.35	1	10,789	-	-	None	-	1,058	2,765,039	
		Dao Qin Enterprise Co., Ltd. (Jinan)	Other receivables	No	2,424	2,424	2,138	4.35	1	25,564	-	-	None	-	2,424	2,765,039	
		Fan Xing Enterprise Co., Ltd. (Jinan)	Other receivables	No	1,543	1,543	-	4.35	1	13,791	-	-	None	-	1,543	2,765,039	
		Wan Jie Tong Enterprise Co., Ltd. (Qingdao)	Other receivables	No	2,204	2,204	-	4.35	1	21,704	-	-	None	-	2,204	2,765,039	
		Nan Hai Tai Feng Enterprise Co., Ltd. (Foshan)	Other receivables	No	661	661	-	4.35	1	6,040	-	-	None	-	661	2,765,039	
		Hua Yuan Guang Mao Enterprise Co., Ltd. (Shijiazhuang)	Other receivables	No	220	220	-	4.35	1	2,097	-	-	None	-	220	2,765,039	
			Other receivables	No	441	441	-	4.35	1	3,438	-	-	None	-	441	2,765,039	
		Te Er Si Enterprise Co., Ltd. (Guangzhou)	Other receivables	No	661	661	437	4.35	1	5,552	-	-	None	-	661	2,765,039	
		Shaanxi Xirui Metal Products Co., Ltd.	Other receivables	No	220	220	-	4.35	1	1,929	-	-	None	-	220	2,765,039	1
		Dong Yu Enterprise Co., Ltd. (Guangdong)	Other receivables	No	4,408	4,408	4,408	4.35	1	43,576	-	-	None	-	4,408	2,765,039	ĺ
		Ya Zhi Neng Enterprise Co., Ltd. (Suzhou)	Other receivables	No	661	661	-	4.35	1	6,637	-	-	None	-	661	2,765,039	ĺ
		Qunlilai Hardware Co., Ltd. (Foshan)	Other receivables	No	661	661	598	4.35	1	6,062	-	-	None	-	661	2,765,039	
		Mei Zhi Enterprise Co., Ltd. (Guangdong)	Other receivables	No	441	441	102	4.35	1	2,373	-	-	None	-	441	2,765,039	l
		Tao Yue Enterprise Co., Ltd. (Shanghai)	Other receivables	No	2,689	2,689	-	4.35	1	28,384	-	-	None	-	2,689	2,765,039	1
		Dong Wei Enterprise Co., Ltd. (Changzhou)	Other receivables	No	1,014	1,014	865	4.35	1	10,743	-	-	None	-	1,014	2,765,039	
			Other receivables	No	264	264	-	4.35	1	2,761	-	-	None	-	264	2,765,039	1
			Other receivables	No	353	353	221	4.35	1	2,486	-	-	None	-	353	2,765,039	1
		Yongxing Technology Co., Ltd. (Guangdong)	Other receivables	No	529	529	440	4.35	1	4,254	-	-	None	-	529	2,765,039	1
		Bontan Industry Enterprise Co., Ltd. (Shanghai)	Other receivables	No	2,513	2,513	1,322	4.35	1	26,523	-	-	None	-	2,513	2,765,039	1
			Other receivables	No	1,543	1,543	792	4.35	1	11,918	-	-	None	-	1,543	2,765,039	ĺ
		Jiasheng Technology Enterprise Co., Ltd. (Zhuzhou)	Other receivables	No	1,763	1,763	-	4.35	1	18,457	-	-	None	-	1,763	2,765,039	
		(															

(Continued)

N. I		Financial	D.1.1.	TT: 1 4 D 1		Actual	T	Nature of	Business	Reasons for	Allowance for	Colla	ateral	Financing Limit	A	
No. (Note 1) Lender	Borrower	Statement Account	Related Party	Highest Balance for the Period	Ending Balance	Borrowing Amount	Interest Rate (%)	Financing (Note 2)	Transaction Amount		Impairment Loss	Item	Value	for Each Borrower	Aggregate Financing Limit	Note
	Long Solid Materials Co., Ltd. (Nanyang)	Other receivables	No	\$ 2,204	\$ 2,204	\$ 381	4.35	1	\$ 3,361	-	\$ -	None	\$ -	\$ 2,204	\$ 2,765,039	1
	Kuai Kou Enterprise Co., Ltd. (Changsha)	Other receivables	No	2,204	2,204	816	4.35	1	13,592	-	-	None	-	2,204	2,765,039	I
	Gao Zhiqiang Hardware Enterprise Co., Ltd. (Jiangmen)	Other receivables	No	970	970	384	4.35	1	9,460	-	-	None	-	970	2,765,039	I
	Matnes Technology Co., Ltd. (Tianjin)	Other receivables	No	573	573	108	4.35	1	5,711	-	-	None	-	573	2,765,039	İ
	Tight Wins Enterprise Co., Ltd. (Dongguan)	Other receivables	No	661	661	425	4.35	1	5,215	-	-	None	-	661	2,765,039	İ
	Ding Shang Enterprise Co., Ltd. (Chongqing)	Other receivables	No	485	485	345	4.35	1	4,737	-	-	None	-	485	2,765,039	İ
	GN Hardware Co., Ltd. (Foshan)	Other receivables	No	661	661	-	4.35	1	6,223	-	-	None	-	661	2,765,039	1
	Longsheng Hardware Products Co., Ltd. (Jiangmen)	Other receivables	No	1,322	1,322	784	4.35	1	11,010	-	-	None	-	1,322	2,765,039	I
	Ao Ke Enterprise Co., Ltd. (Shenyang)	Other receivables	No	220	220	-	4.35	1	1,755	-	-	None	-	220	2,765,039	1
	Ring Buckle Hardware Co., Ltd. (Foshan)	Other receivables	No	2,204	2,204	-	4.35	1	15,817	-	-	None	-	2,204	2,765,039	1
	Zhangchen Trading Co., Ltd. (Zhongshan)	Other receivables	No	220	220	-	4.35	1	2,322	-	-	None	-	220	2,765,039	1
	Minwei Hardware Products Co., Ltd. (Guangzhou)	Other receivables	No	1,763	1,763	-	4.35	1	15,674	-	-	None	-	1,763	2,765,039	Ì
	Tong Link Enterprise Co., Ltd.	Other receivables	No	926	926	-	4.35	1	9,657	=	-	None	-	926	2,765,039	1
	Xiamen Kebid Metal Products Co., Ltd.	Other receivables	No	353	353	-	4.35	1	2,252	-	-	None	-	353	2,765,039	Ì
	Guangzhou Public Standard Hardware Co., Ltd.	Other receivables	No	1,984	1,984	-	4.35	1	18,027	-	-	None	-	1,984	2,765,039	1
	Foshan City established Hardware Trading Co., Ltd.	Other receivables	No	661	661	-	4.35	1	5,224	-	-	None	-	661	2,765,039	1
	Zhongneng Fasteners Co., Ltd. (Guangzhou)	Other receivables	No	264	264	-	4.35	1	1,886	-	-	None	-	264	2,765,039	I
	Zhangjiagang Free Trade Zone Vero Trade Co., Ltd.	Other receivables	No	2,204	2,204	-	4.35	1	14,062	-	-	None	-	2,204	2,765,039	
	Junsheng Industrial Products Suzhou Co., Ltd.	Other receivables	No	1,014	1,014	-	4.35	1	10,603	-	-	None	-	1,014	2,765,039	1
2 Tong Ming Enterprise (Zhejiang) Co., Ltd.	Tung Hao Steel Enterprise Co., Ltd.	Other receivables related party	Yes	132,240	132,240	96,976	4.35	2	2	Operational turnover	-	None	-	2,765,039	2,765,039	1
Tong Ming Trading Limited	Fast Link	Other receivables related party	Yes	15,355	15,355	-	2.00	2	2	Operational turnover	-	None	-	19,857	19,857	1

Note 1: Financing provided to others are numbered as follows:

- a. "0" for the Company.
- b. Subsidiaries are numbered from "1".

Note 2: The nature for the financing is as follows:

- a. No. 1 represents the business contact.
- b. No. 2 represents the need for short-term financing.

Note 3: The limit amount is calculated as follows:

- a. The total amount for lending to a company for funding for a short-term period shall not exceed \$6,912,597 × 40% = \$2,765,039 (in thousands) of the net worth of Tong Ming Enterprise Co., Ltd.

  b. There were business transactions: The total loan to borrower shall not exceed \$6,912,597 × 40% = \$2,765,039 (in thousands) of the net worth of Tong Ming Enterprise Co., Ltd.

  c. There need for short term financing: The total loan to borrower shall not exceed \$6,912,597 × 40% = \$2,765,039 (in thousands) of the net worth of Tong Ming Enterprise Co., Ltd.

  There need for short term financing: The total loan to borrower shall not exceed \$6,912,597 × 40% = \$2,765,039 (in thousands) of the net worth of Tong Ming Enterprise Co., Ltd.

- d. There need for short term financing: The total loan to borrower shall not exceed \$49,643 × 40% = \$19,857 (in thousands) of the net worth of Tong Ming Trading Limited.

(Concluded)

# ENDORSEMENTS/GUARANTEES PROVIDED FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

(In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars, Unless Stated Otherwise)

		Endorsee/Guarantee							Ratio of					
No.	Endorser/Guarantor	Name	Relationship	Limit on Endorsement/ Guarantee Given on Behalf of Each Party	Guaranteed	Outstanding Endorsement/ Guarantee at the End of the Period	Actual Borrowing Amount	Amount Endorsed/ Guaranteed by Collateral	Accumulated Endorsement/ Guarantee to Net Equity in Latest Financial Statements (%)	Aggregate Endorsement/ Guarantee Limit	Endorsement/ Guarantee Given by Parent on Behalf of Subsidiaries	Endorsement/ Guarantee Given by Subsidiaries on Behalf of Parent	Endorsement/ Guarantee Given on Behalf of Companies in Mainland China	Note
0	Tong Ming Enterprise Co., Ltd.	Winlink Fasteners Co., Ltd.	h	\$ 1,382,519	\$ 90,600	\$ 90,600	\$ -	\$ -	1.31	\$ 3,456,299	Y	N	N	
	Tong wing Enterprise co., Etc.	TongWin International Co., Ltd.	b	1,382,519	94,215	93,666	Ψ -	Ψ -	1.36	3,456,299	Y	N N	N N	
				3,000,000	(US\$ 3,050)	(US\$ 3,050)				2,123,27	_		-,	
		Fast Link	b	1,382,519	61,420	47,600	13,820	-	0.69	3,456,299	Y	N	N	
					(US\$ 2,000)	(US\$ 1,550)	(US\$ 450)							

Note 1: Number should be noted in number column.

- a. "0" for the Company.
- b. Subsidiaries are numbered from "1".

Note 2: Relationship information of endorser and endorsee should be noted.

- a. Trading partner.
- b. Majority owned subsidiary.
- c. The Company and subsidiary own over fifty percent (50%) ownership of the investee company.
- d. Directly or through subsidiaries owned over fifty percent (50%) of the Company's ordinary shares.
- e. Guaranteed by the Company according to the construction contract.
- f. An investee company of which the guarantees were provided based on the Company's proportionate share in the investee company.

#### Note 3: The limit amount is calculated as follows:

- a. The total amount of guarantee shall not exceed 50% of the net worth of Tong Ming Enterprise Co., Ltd. which is  $$6,912,597 \times 50\% = $3,456,299$  (in thousands).
- b. The total amount of guarantee provided by Tong Ming Enterprise Co., Ltd. to any individual entity shall not exceed 20% of the net worth of Tong Ming Enterprise Co., Ltd. which is \$6,912,597 × 20% = \$1,382,519 (in thousands).

# MARKETABLE SECURITIES HELD

**DECEMBER 31, 2022** 

(In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars, Unless Stated Otherwise)

		Relationship			Decembe	r 31, 2022		
Holding Company Name	Type and Name of Marketable Securities	with the Holding Company	Financial Statement Account	Number of Shares	Carrying Percentag Amount Ownership		Fair Value	Note
Tong Ming Enterprise (Zhejiang)	Structured deposits							
Co., Ltd.	Lujiazui Trust Co., Ltd Hongyu Financial City No. 1 wealth investment product	None	Financial assets at FVTPL - current	-	\$ 154,280 (RMB 35,000)	-	\$ 154,280 (RMB 35,000)	
	CITIC Wealth Management's Co-Operative Daily Dividend RMB Wealth Management Products	None	Financial assets at FVTPL - current	-	88,160 (RMB 20,000)	-	88,160 (RMB 20,000)	
	<u>Unlisted stock</u> Shanghai Elitesland Software System Co., Ltd.	None	Financial assets at FVTOCI - non current	1,318	51,133 (RMB 11,600)	2.31	51,133 (RMB 11,600)	
Winlink Fasteners Co., Ltd.	<u>Unlisted stock</u> Tung Mung Development Co., Ltd.	None	Financial assets at FVTOCI - non current	4,607	48,369	1.11	48,369	

Note 1: Marketable securities are shares, bonds and beneficiary certificates within the scope of IFRS 9.

Note 2: Refer to information of subsidiary, associate and joint venture in Tables 8 and 9.

MARKETABLE SECURITIES ACQUIRED AND DISPOSED AT COSTS OR PRICES OF AT LEAST NT\$300 MILLION OR 20% OF THE PAID-IN CAPITAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

(In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars, Unless Stated Otherwise)

	Type and Name of Financial Statement Counter		Countaments	rparty Relationship	Beginning Balance		Acquisition (Note 3)		Disposal (Note 3)				Ending Balance	
Company Name	Marketable Securities (Note 1)	Account	(Note 2)	(Note 2)	Number of Shares	Amount	Number of Shares	Amount	Number of Shares	Amount	Carrying Amount	Gain (Loss) on Disposal	Shares	Amount (Note 4)
Tong Ming Enterprise (Zhejiang) Co., Ltd.	ICBC - Tain Li Bao wealth investment product	Financial assets at FVTPL - current	-	-	-	\$ -	-	\$ 819,072 (RMB 185,000)	-	\$ 733,558 (RMB 165,685)	\$ 730,524 (RMB 165,000)	,		\$ 88,160 (RMB 20,000)

Note 1: Marketable Securities in this table include shares, bonds, beneficiary certificates and derivative products.

Note 2: Fill in the two columns if marketable securities are accounted for using equity method.

Note 3: The accumulated amount of acquisition/disposal were calculated separately.

Note 4: Paid-in capital is the paid-in capital of the parent company. Shares of issuers without par value or not NT\$10 per share are calculated according to 10% of total equity attributable to owners of the Company regarding the regulation on transaction amount of 20% of paid-in capital.

# TOTAL PURCHASES FROM OR SALES TO RELATED PARTIES AMOUNTING TO AT LEAST NT\$100 MILLION OR 20% OF THE PAID-IN CAPITAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

(In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars, Unless Stated Otherwise)

Duran	Related Party	Relationship		Tra	nsaction	Details	Abnorm	al Transaction	Notes/Acc Receivable (I	Note	
Buyer	Related Farty	Kerationsinp	Purchase/ Sale	Amount	% of Total	Payment Terms	Unit Price Payment Terms		Ending Balance	% of Total	Note
Tong Win International Co., Ltd.	Tong Heer Fasteners (Thailand) Co., Ltd.	Other related parties	Purchase	\$ 1,200,322	8.62	T/T after shipment	\$ -	-	\$ 4,908	1	
		Other related parties	Purchase	243,403	1.75	T/T after shipment	-	-	-	-	
	Bhd. Brighton-Best International (Taiwan) Inc.	Related party in substance	Sale	1,682,173	10.90	T/T at sight 5 days of B/L copy	-	-	13,688	1	
Winlink Fasteners Co., Ltd.	Brighton-Best International (Taiwan) Inc.	Related party in substance	Sale	409,627	2.66	T/T days after B/L date	-	-	13,551	1	
Tong Ming Enterprise (Zhejiang) Co., Ltd.	Tong Win International Co., Ltd.	Affiliated company	Sale	357,402	2.32	T/T at sight	-	-	12,393	1	

Note: The prices and payments to related parties were not significantly different from those of purchases/sales from third parties.

# RECEIVABLES FROM RELATED PARTIES AMOUNTING TO AT LEAST NT\$100 MILLION OR 20% OF THE PAID-IN CAPITAL DECEMBER 31, 2022

(In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars, Unless Stated Otherwise)

						Overdue	Amount	Allowance for
Company Name	Related Party	Relationship	<b>Ending Balance</b>	Turnover Rate	Amount	Actions Taken	Received in Subsequent Period	Impairment Loss
Tong Ming Enterprise (Zhejiang) Co., Ltd.	Tung Ho Steel Enterprise Co., Ltd.	Subsidiary	\$ 96,976 (RMB 22,000)	Note	\$ -	-	\$ -	\$ -

Note: The ending balance is primarily consisted of other receivable, which is not applicable for the calculation of turnover days.

# INTERCOMPANY RELATIONSHIPS AND SIGNIFICANT INTERCOMPANY TRANSACTIONS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

(In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

No.			Relationship	Transaction Details						
(Note 1		Counterparty	(Note 2)	Financial Statement Accounts	Amount	Payment Terms	% of Total Sales or Assets			
1	Tong Ming Enterprise (Zhejiang) Co., Ltd.	Tong Win International Co., Ltd.	С	Sales revenue	\$ 357,402	T/T at sight	2.32			
2	Tong Ming Enterprise (Zhejiang) Co., Ltd.	Tung Ho Steel Enterprise Co., Ltd.	c	Other receivables from related parties	96,976	-	1.00			

Note 1: Intercompany relationships and significant intercompany transactions information are noted within the number column as follows:

Number 0 represents the parent company.

Number 1 represents subsidiaries.

Note 2: Parties involved in the transaction have a direct relationship noted by the following:

Note "a" represents transactions from parent company to subsidiary.

Note "b" represents transactions from subsidiary to parent company.

Note "c" represents transactions between subsidiaries.

Note 3: The amounts of asset and liability are calculated as a percentage of the combined total assets. The amounts of income are calculated as a percentage of the combined total sales.

Note 4: Balance and transactions between the Company and subsidiaries, which are related parties of the Company, have been eliminated on consolidation.

INFORMATION ON INVESTEES FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022 (In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars, Unless Stated Otherwise)

				Original Inve	stment Amount	As	of December 31,	2022	Net Income	Share of Profit	
Investor Company	Investee Company	Location	Main Businesses and Products	December 31, 2022	December 31, 2021	Number of Shares	%	Carrying Amount	(Loss) of the Investee	(Loss)	Note
Tong Ming Enterprise Co., Ltd. (Cayman)	Tong Group Limited	Hong Kong	Investment	\$ 1,893,203 (RMB 429,493)	\$ 1,893,203 (RMB 429,493)	1,000,000	100.00	\$ 5,685,625	\$ 720,972	\$ 720,972	Note 1
	China Rich International Holding Limited	Hong Kong	Investment	199,337 (RMB 45,222)	199,337	10,000	100.00	598,819	75,933	75,933	Note 1
	Winlink Fasteners Co., Ltd.	Taiwan	Selling and marketing of fasteners and wires	15,989	15,989	1,500,000	100.00	170,709	53,836	53,836	Note 1
	Tong Win International Co., Ltd.	Samoa	Selling and marketing of fasteners and wires	-	-	500,000	100.00	177,338	114,634	114,634	Note 1
	Fast Link	Japan	Selling and marketing of fasteners and wires	5,810 (JPY 25,000)	5,810 (JPY 25,000)	500	83.33	9,951	3,449	2,874	
	Meta Global Co,. Ltd.	Samoa	Investment	286,520 (RMB 65,000)	-	1,000,000	100.00	251,665	(34,959)	(34,959)	
	Tong Link Enterprise Co., Ltd.	Taiwan	Selling and marketing of fasteners and wires	10,000	-	1,000,000	100.00	9,632	(368)	(368)	
Tong Ming Enterprise (Zhejiang) Co., Ltd.	Tong Ming Trading Limited	Hong Kong	Buying and selling raw materials	1,536 (US\$ 50)	1,536 (US\$ 50)	50,000	100.00	49,643	(8,291)	(8,291)	
	Tong Ming Holding Ltd.	Hong Kong	Investment	-	- COS	50,000	100.00	(53)	-	-	

Note 1: The carrying amount was based on the net assets of the investee whose financial statements were not audited as of December 31, 2022.

Note 2: For information of investments in mainland China, refer to Table 9.

Note 3: The exchange rate was US\$1=NT\$30.71; RMB1=NT\$4.408; JPY1=NT\$0.2324 as of December 31, 2022.

# INFORMATION ON INVESTMENTS IN MAINLAND CHINA FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

(In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars, Unless Stated Otherwise)

				Accumulated	Remittano	e of Funds	Accumulated	I					
Investee Company	Main Businesses and Products	Paid-in Capital	Method of Investment	Outward Remittance for Investment from Taiwan as of January 1, 2022	Outward	Inward	Outward Remittance for Investment from Taiwan as of December 31 2022	(Loss) of the Investee	% Ownership of Direct or Indirect Investment	Investment Gain (Loss)	Carrying Amount as of December 31, 2022	Accumulated Repatriation of Investment Income as of December 31, 2022	Note
Tong Group Limited Tong Ming Enterprise (Zhejiang) Co., Ltd.	Manufacturing, selling and marketing of fasteners and wires	\$ 3,112,048 (RMB 706,000)	Direct investment	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$	- \$ 879,050	90.20	\$ 792,903	\$ 6,026,683	\$ -	Note 1
China Rich International Holding Limited Tong Ming Enterprise (Zhejiang) Co., Ltd.	Manufacturing, selling and marketing of fasteners and wires	3,112,048 (RMB 706,000)	Direct investment	-	-	-		879,050	9.50	83,510	634,739	-	Note 1
Tong Ming Enterprise Co., Ltd. (Zhejiang) Shanghai Dongyiqin Industrial Fastener	Selling of marketing of		Direct investment	-	-	_		9,572	40.00	3,840	12,353	-	Note 2
Co., Ltd. Jiaxing Spring You Precise Mold Co., Ltd.	fasteners and wires Manufacturing and selling of molds	(RMB 500) 25,077 (RMB 5,689)	Direct investment	-	-	-		6,398	47.50	3,014	21,082	-	Note 2
Jiaxing Toyou Hardware Co., Ltd.	Selling of marketing of fasteners and wires		Direct investment	-	-	-		5,660	40.00	2,265	9,683	-	Note 2
Shenzhen Yiqin Industrial Fastener Co., Ltd.	Selling of marketing of fasteners and wires		Direct investment	-	-	-		9,792	100.00	9,792	57,635	-	Note 2
Tong Win Trading (Jiaxing) Co., Ltd.	Selling of marketing of fasteners and wires	6,612 (RMB 1,500)	Direct investment	-	-	-		12,497	100.00	12,497	20,781	-	Note 2
Zhejiang Dongyi Supply Chain Technology Co., Ltd.	E-Commerce Platform	(RMB 1,000)	Direct investment	-	-	-		(924)	100.00	(924)	3,486	-	Note 2
Meta Global Co., Ltd. Tung Ho Steel Enterprise Co., Ltd.	Stainless steel wire manufacturing and other hardware business	286,520 (RMB 65,000)	Direct investment	-	-	-		(34,959)	100.00	(34,959)	251,665	-	Note 2

Accumulated Outward Remittance for Investment in Mainland China as of December 31, 2022	Investment Amount Authorized by Investment Commission, MOEA	Upper Limit on the Amount of Investment Stipulated by Investment Commission, MOEA
N/A	N/A	N/A

- Note 1: The carrying amount was based on the net assets of the investee whose financial statements were audited as of December 31, 2021.
- Note 2: The significant transactions with investee companies in mainland, either directly or indirectly through a third party: None.
- Note 3: The condition of negotiable instrument endorsements or guarantees or pledges of collateral with investee companies in mainland, either directly or indirectly through a third party: None.
- Note 4: The condition of financing of funds with investee companies in mainland, either directly or indirectly through a third party: None.
- Note 5: Other transactions that have a material effect on the profit or loss for the year or on the financial position with investee companies in mainland, either directly or indirectly through a third party: None.

# INFORMATION OF MAJOR SHAREHOLDERS DECEMBER 31, 2022

	Sha	ares
Name of Major Shareholder	Number of	Percentage of
	Shares	Ownership (%)
	26.025.474	10.20
Capitaland Limited	36,825,474	18.30
Tong One Holdings Limited	24,000,000	11.92
Richard Internation	24,000,000	11.92
Tsai, Yi-Ting	23,115,486	11.48
Tsai, Ming-Ti	19,129,556	9.50
Oriental Union Chemical Corp., in custody of Chinatrust Commercial Bank	11,343,410	5.63
New Star Limited	10,400,000	5.16
Nega Sun Limited	10,400,000	5.16

- Note 1: The information of major shareholders presented in this table is provided by the Taiwan Depository & Clearing Corporation based on the number of ordinary shares and preference shares held by shareholders with ownership of 5% or greater, that have been issued without physical registration (including treasury shares) by the Company as of the last business day for the current quarter. The share capital in the consolidated financial statements may differ from the actual number of shares that have been issued without physical registration because of different preparation basis.
- Note 2: If a shareholder delivers the shareholdings to the trust, the above information will be disclosed by the individual truster who opened the trust account. For shareholders who declare insider shareholdings with ownership greater than 10% in accordance with the Security and Exchange Act, the shareholdings include shares held by shareholders and those delivered to the trust over which shareholders have rights to determine the use of trust property. For information relating to insider shareholding declaration, please refer to Market Observation Post System.